

## SUPPLEMENTARY AGENDA

Notice is hereby given that an Ordinary Meeting of Council will be held at the Civic Centre, Dee Why on

### Tuesday 4 August 2015

Beginning at 6:00pm for the purpose of considering and determining matters included in this agenda.

Ril Wat.

Rik Hart General Manager

Issued: 30 July 2015



Supplementary Agenda for an Ordinary Meeting of Council to be held on Tuesday 4 August 2015 at the Civic Centre, Dee Why Commencing at 6:00pm

6.0	GENERAL MANAGER'S REPORTS
6.1	Draft General Purpose and Special Purpose Financial Statements for the Year
	Ended 30 June 20151



ITEM 6.1	DRAFT GENERAL PURPOSE AND SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015
REPORTING MANAGER	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
TRIM FILE REF	2015/195528
ATTACHMENTS	1 2015 Draft Annual Financial Statements

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

#### PURPOSE

To present to Council the Draft General and Special Purpose Financial Statements for year ended 30 June 2015, which require certification and referral to Council's external auditors, Hill Rogers Spencer Steer, Chartered Accountants.

#### SUMMARY

Council has achieved an Operating Surplus from Continuing Operations for the 2015 financial year of \$22.149m (2014 \$11.340m) and an Operating Surplus from Continuing Operations before Capital Grants and Contributions of \$7.788m (2014 \$6.590m). The General and Special Purpose Financial Statements and Special Schedules for the year ended 30 June 2015 are attached as a separate booklet. Analysis of the Financial Statements has been provided and indicates that Council is in a sound financial position.

The components of Operating Surplus are as follows:

	\$'000
Restricted	
Domestic Waste Management Charges	597
Interest - s94 and s94a Contributions	899
Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises - Non-controlling interests (Mosman, Manly and	
Pittwater Councils)	1,952
Gain on the Disposal of Asset	1,880
Grants & Other Funding Received in 2014/15 unexpended as at 30 June 2015	357
Budgeted Increase in Working Capital allocated to future years	2,454
	8,139
Decrease in Available Working Capital related to Storm Event	351
Operating Surplus from Continuing Operations before Capital Grants and Contributions	7,788
Capital Grants and Contributions	14,361
Operating Surplus from Continuing Operations	22,149

#### FINANCIAL IMPACT

The preparation, compilation and audit of Council's General and Special Purpose Financial Statements have been provided for in Council's annual budget. The financial result for the year, which is the subject of this report, is a favourable outcome.



#### POLICY IMPACT

Nil

#### **RECOMMENDATION OF GENERAL MANAGER**

That:

- A. The Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015 be adopted by the Council.
- B. The Mayor, a nominated Councillor, General Manager and Chief Financial Officer be authorised to sign the necessary Financial Statements.
- C. The Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015 be referred to the Council's Auditor for audit.
- D. Council hereby delegate to the General Manager authority, upon receipt of the Auditor's report of the Council, to:
  - a) Forward a copy to the Office of Local Government and Australian Bureau of Statistics.
  - b) Arrange for the public notice of the Council Meeting for presentation to the public, in the required format be placed in the Manly Daily.
  - c) Arrange for the Council's audited financial reports and a copy of the Auditor's Reports to be made available for public inspection on Council's web page and in printed format at the Council's Civic Centre and Libraries at Belrose, Dee Why, Forestville and Warringah Mall.
  - d) List the audited financial reports and Auditor's Reports on the Agenda for the next available Council Meeting for presentation to the public, which allows for the 7 days public notice requirement.
- E. Council rolls over \$3,062,623 in Capital Works Projects to 2015/16.



#### REPORT

#### BACKGROUND

The Local Government Act 1993 ("the Act") relating to the preparation of Council's annual financial reports requires that:

- 1. Section 413 A council must prepare financial reports for each year, and must refer them for audit as soon as practicable after the end of that year.
- 2. Section 413 (2) A council's financial reports must include:
  - a) a general purpose financial report
  - b) any other matter prescribed by the regulations
  - c) a statement in the approved form by the council as to the opinion on the general purpose financial report.

The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting requires that Council complete a Special Purpose Financial Report for all business activities declared by Council and that Council complete a Statement on its Special Purpose Financial Report (Attachment 1)

- 3. Section 413 (3) The general purpose financial report must be prepared in accordance with the Act and the regulations and the requirements of:
  - a) the publications issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, as in force for the time being, subject to the regulations, and
  - b) such other standards as may be prescribed by the regulations.
- 4. Section 416 A council's financial reports for a year must be prepared and audited within 4 months after the end of the year concerned.
- 5. Section 418 Upon receiving the Auditor's Report, the Act requires the Council to give at least 7 days public notice of the meeting at which it proposes to present its audited financial reports, together with the Auditor's Report, to the public. The public notice must include a statement that the business of the meeting will include presentation of the audited financial reports, the Auditor's Report and a summary of the financial reports.
- 6. Section 420 Any person may make submissions in respect of the Council's audited financial reports or the Auditor's Report. Such submissions must be in writing and lodged with Council within 7 days after the public meeting at which these reports are presented. Copies of all submissions received must be referred to the Council's Auditor. The Council must take such action as it considers appropriate with respect Auditor. The Council must take such action as it considers appropriate with respect to any submissions received, including giving notice to the Director General of the Office of Local Government of any matter that appears to require amendment of the Council's Financial Statements. In order to facilitate the public notice, meeting and submission process, it is considered appropriate that Council delegate to the General Manager authority, upon receipt of the Auditor's Report by Council, to:
  - a) Arrange for the public notice of this meeting, in the required format, to be placed in the Manly Daily, advising of the meeting at which the Auditor's Reports will be presented.
  - b) Arrange for the Council's audited financial reports and a copy of the Auditor's Reports to be made available for public inspection on Council's web page and at the Council's Civic Centre and libraries at Belrose, Dee Why, Forestville and Warringah Mall.



- c) List the audited financial reports and Auditor's Reports on the Agenda for the next available Council Meeting for presentation to the public, which allows for the 7-day public notice requirement.
- 7. Section 428 The audited financial reports must be included in the Council's annual report.
- 8. Clause 215 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005, requires that the Statement under Section 413 (2) (c) on the annual financial report must be made by resolution of the Council and signed by the:
  - Mayor
  - at least one (1) other Councillor
  - General Manager
  - Responsible Accounting Officer.

Annual financial reports have now been completed for:

- Warringah Council
- Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises Pty Limited

The Council is required to consolidate into its annual financial statements, its share of and interest in these joint ventures and committees and to eliminate any inter-entity transactions and balances in preparing its general purpose financial statements.

Council is responsible for the preparation of the financial reports and adequate disclosures. This includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls, selection and application of accounting policies, and the safeguarding of the assets of Council.

I report that, subject to my comments below, the accounting records have been maintained in accordance with Section 412 of the Act and in a manner that permitted the timely preparation of the General and Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015. Update No.22 to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting was issued on 27 June 2015 and is relevant to the reporting period ending on 30 June 2015. This year no major changes have been made to the General Purpose Financial Statements requirements

#### Financial Position of Council as at 30 June 2015 (subject to Audit)

The principal features of the Annual Financial Statements for 2014/2015 are as follows:

Net O	perating Result for the year from Continuing Operations	\$	22.149m
•	Income from Continuing Operations	\$	178.135m
•	Expenses from Continuing Operations	\$	155.986m
Net As	ssets	\$ 2	2,870.947m
•	Current Assets	\$	102.738m
•	Non-Current Assets	\$ 2	2,821.439m
•	Total Assets	\$ 2	2,924.177m
•	Current Liabilities	\$	33.188m
•	Non-Current Liabilities	\$	20.042m
•	Total Liabilities	\$	53.230m



The performance measure indicators are as follows:

#### Unrestricted Current Ratio 3.47x

• The Unrestricted Current Ratio is specific to local government and is designed to represent a Council's ability to meet short term obligations as they fall due. Restrictions placed on various funding sources (e.g. Section 94 developer contributions, RMS contributions) complicate the traditional current ratio used to assess liquidity of businesses as cash allocated to specific projects is restricted and cannot be used to meet a Council's other operating and borrowing costs. The benchmark is greater than 1.5. There has been a slight decrease on last year's ratio of 3.57x. The ratio continues to reflect Council's sound financial position.

#### Debt Service Ratio 23.53x

• This ratio measures the availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments. The benchmark is greater than 2. There has been an increase on last year's ratio of 17.76x reflecting Council's ongoing retirement of borrowings through finance leases for information technology equipment.

#### Rates, Annual Charges, Interest & Extra Charges Outstanding 3.04%

• This ratio is used to assess the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts. There has been a slight increase on last year's ratio of 2.98%.

#### Building & Infrastructure Renewals Ratio 150.12%

• This ratio indicates the rate at which assets (buildings and infrastructure) are being renewed and replaced against the rate at which they are depreciating. Council has continued its commitment to maintaining financial sustainability through the elimination of infrastructure backlogs with ratio having averaged 156.9% over the past three years.

#### Surplus from Continuing Operations

The Surplus from Continuing Operations for the full financial year \$22.149m has increased by \$10.809m from the previous financial year. This is largely due to an increase in Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes by \$9.611m to \$14.361m from higher s94A developer contributions, contributions related to the transfer of land from Crown Lands at fair value and a grant to Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises for a Landfill Resource Recovery Facility.

#### **Carry Over of Unspent Funds**

It is proposed to carry over funds for Capital Works Projects to the new financial year 2015/16. This is due to the Projects having already commenced, having expenditure committed but not having been completed as at 30 June 2015. The projects were as follows:

	\$
Corporate Services	
Glen Street Theatre Revitalisation - Stage 3	43,508
Dee Why Town Centre Kingsway Parking & Community Facility	1,441,806
IT Infrastructure - Renewals	18,795
Renewal Works Community Buildings	4,139
Community & Safety	
Tramshed - Toilet, Kitchen, BCA and DDA renewals	27,871
Manly Warringah Womens Refuge Centre	422,911



Natural Environment	
Narrabeen Lagoon Trail	182,895
Reactive Stormwater Renewals	119,352
Planned Stormwater Renewals	467,300
Oaks Avenue Stormwater Drainage	34,628
Parks, Reserves & Foreshores	
Walter Gors Reserve	79,244
North Narrabeen - Landscape Masterplan	6,515
Parks Minor Renewals	10,824
Rectification - Forestville Playing Field	12,330
Manly Dam Trail	12,546
Roads & Traffic	
Dee Why - Design & Construction - Traffic and Streetscape	153,219
Kimbriki Resource Recovery Acces Road	24,740
	3,062,623

#### CONSULTATION

Council's external auditors have conducted audit procedures during the year, as an interim to the verification of assets and liabilities at year-end, to assess the reliability of the general ledger to produce financial statements and concurrent to the preparation of the draft general and special purpose financial statements.

Council's Audit and Risk Committee reviewed the Draft General and Special Purpose Financial Statements for year ended 30 June 2015 at a Meeting on Monday 27 July 2015. The Committee endorsed the Financial Statements being presented to Council for certification and referral to Council's external auditors, Hill Rogers Spencer Steer, Chartered Accountants. Recommendations from the Audit Committee were incorporated into the Draft General and Special Purpose Financial Statements contained in the attachment booklet.

#### TIMING

Council's financial statements for a year must be prepared and audited in accordance with the Act, i.e. within 4 months after the end of the year concerned.

#### FINANCIAL IMPACT

The holding of a public meeting to consider, inter alia, the auditor's report on the general and special purpose financial statements is determined by the Act, and should occur by 5 December each year and within 5 weeks of receiving the report.



ITEM NO. 6.1 - 04 AUGUST 2015

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

#### STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT

made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with:

- The Local Government Act 1993 (as amended) and the Regulations made thereunder
- The Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements.
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

#### To the best of our knowledge and belief, these Statements:

- present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render this Report false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 4 August 2015.

MAYOR

COUNCILLOR

Rik Hart GENERAL MANAGER David Walsh RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTING OFFICER



ITEM NO. 6.1 - 04 AUGUST 2015

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**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

### SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

#### STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT

made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- The NSW Government Policy Statement "Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government"
- Division of Local Government Guidelines "Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality"
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

#### To the best of our knowledge and belief, these Reports:

- Present fairly the Operating Result and Financial Position for each of Council's declared Business Activities for the year, and
- Accord with Council's accounting and other records.

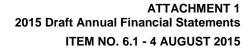
We are not aware of any matter that would render these reports false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 4 August 2015.

Michael Regan MAYOR

COUNCILLOR

Rik Hart GENERAL MANAGER David Walsh RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTING OFFICER





# DRAFT GENERAL PURPOSE AND SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended 30 June 2015





#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **FINANCIAL COMMENTARY 2014/15**

#### INTRODUCTION

This commentary provides the highlights of Council's 2014/15 Financial Statements. The Financial Statements are prepared by Council to provide information in relation to Council's financial performance and position. The Statements are prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the NSW Local Government Act 1993 and the NSW Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (Update No 23). The Financial Statements are made up of the following:

- General Purpose Financial Statements pages 13 to 82
- Special Purpose Financial Statements pages 83 to 92
- Special Schedules pages 93 to 101

The General Purpose and Special Purpose Financial Statements are independently audited by Hill Rogers Spencer Steer Pty Ltd, reported to Council, placed on public exhibition and lodged with the Office of Local Government. The Special Schedules other than Special Schedule No.9 – Permissible Income for General Rates are unaudited including the Building & Infrastructure Renewals Ratio\* detailed below:

#### 2014/15 SUMMARY RESULTS

Total Income from Continuing Operations	\$178.135m
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	\$155.986m
Net Operating Surplus for the year	\$22.149m
Net Operating Surplus for the year before Capital Grants and Contributions	\$7.788m
New Capital Works	\$18.272m
Capital Renewal Works	\$20.483m
Total Capital Expenditure	\$38.755m
Total Assets	\$2.924b
Total Liabilities	\$53.230m
Net Assets	\$2.871b
Unrestricted Current Ratio	3.47x
Debt Service Cover Ratio	23.53x

Building & Infrastructure Renewals Ratio\*

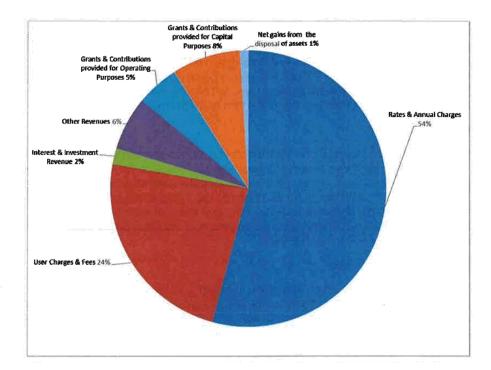
The NSW Government has been working with local councils since 2011 on local government reform through the Fit for the Future (FFTF) initiative. Currently IPART is performing the role of the Expert Advisory Panel for the NSW Government to assess whether each council is FFTF, consistent with the assessment methodology and will provide the Government with a final assessment report by 16 October 2015. Accordingly, we cannot determine at this point what impact this may have on Warringah Council and these financial reports.

150.12%



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS**



Income Item	2015 Actual (\$'000)	2015 Budget (\$'000)	\$ Variance
Rates & Annual Charges	96,578	96,520	58
User Charges & Fees	42,004	39,386	2,618
Interest & Investment Revenue	3,305	3,325	(20)
Other Revenues	11,198	10,144	1,054
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes	8,912	8,752	160
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	14,361	3,143	11,218
Net gains from the disposal of assets	1,777	298	1,479
Total Income from Continuing Operations	178,135	161,568	16,567



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Rates & Annual Charges**

Rates Income increased by a total of 3.5%, taking account of the approved rate increase of 3.1%, as well as an increase in the number of residential properties from 52,487 to 52,706 and an increase in the number of business properties from 3,979 to 4,045.

Annual Charges which is predominantly represented by domestic waste charges increased by 3.8%. This reflects the provision of funds towards a new bin system roll-out associated with the closure of the Belrose landfill site and the implementation of the Alternate Waste Technology (AWT) facility at the Kimbriki Waste Landfill and higher costs associated with tipping as a result of the closure of the Belrose Waste Management Centre. This has resulted in an increase in the Domestic Waste Management Reserve from \$5.218m to \$5.815m.

#### **User Charges & Fees**

User Charges & Fees have increased by 18% which is 6.6% higher than expected. The principal increase was within Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises as a result of the higher volumes largely from vegetation. Increases also occurred within Children's Services as a result of the opening of the expanded Brookvale Children's Centre and Glen Street Theatre. The theatre had been closed for part of the previous financial year to undertake the first stage of works associated with the revitalisation of the site as a part of the wider development of the Glen Street Cultural Hub resulting in the increase from the previous financial year.

#### Interest & investment Revenues

Council's Cash and Investments at the end of the financial year totalled \$84.528m (2014 \$83.353m) compared to the budgeted position of \$76.723m due to lower than budgeted capital expenditure and the receipt of funds relating to the part settlement of the sale of a property at Sturdee and Pacific Parades, Dee Why. The lower Interest & Investment Revenues reflects the lower interest rates offered in the Australian market during the past 12 months. Council's investment portfolio continued to perform strongly over the past 12 months and exceeded the bank bill benchmark return by over 0.87%.

#### **Other Revenues**

Other Revenues have decreased by 1.7% which is principally due to lower parking fines and small decreases in a range of services.

#### Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes

Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes increased by 41% on the previous financial year. This was principally due to the change in the timing of the payment of the Financial Assistance Grant (FAG). In the previous financial year the Government ceased prepaying the FAG for the next financial year resulting in the increase from the previous financial year.

#### **Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes**

Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes increased by 202% on the previous financial year. This was largely due to significantly higher s94A developer contributions as well as contributions related to the transfer of land by Crown Lands at fair value and a grant to Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises for a Landfill Resource Recovery Facility.

#### Net gains from the disposal of assets

Net gains from the disposal of assets are higher than the previous financial year as a result of the sale of 16 Sturdee Parade Dee Why.

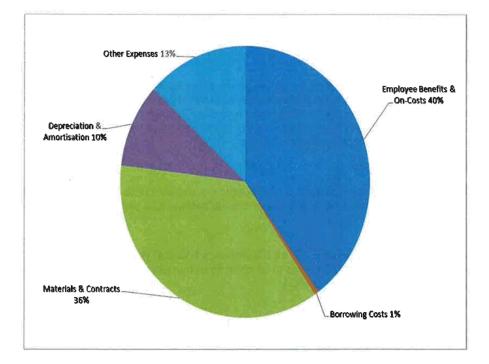


ATTACHMENT 1 2015 Draft Annual Financial Statements ITEM NO. 6.1 - 4 AUGUST 2015

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS



Expense item	2015 Actual (\$'000)	2015 Budget (\$*000)	\$ Variance
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	62,366	62,100	(266)
Borrowing Costs	951	1,052	101
Materials & Contracts	56,594	54,783	(1,811)
Depreciation & Amortisation	15,653	15,721	68
Other Expenses	20,422	20,636	214
Entities using the Equity Method			and a second
Total Income from Continuing Operations	155,986	154,292	(1,694)

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Employee Benefits & On-Costs**

Employee Benefits & On-Costs have increased 5.6% on the previous financial year. Excluding Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises these costs increased by 5.2%. The increase in respect of Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises relates to the gearing up for major projects such as the implementation of the Alternate Waste Technology facility. The balance of the increase above award based increases, largely relate to Workers Compensation and Employee Leave Entitlements as a result of changes in the discount rate applied to future payments.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing Costs have increased by 0.6% on the previous financial year. This increase relates to the amortisation of discount of remediation liabilities for the Kimbriki waste landfill which is in line with budget. The decrease from the budgeted position relates to lower interest costs associated with the lease of information technology equipment.

#### **Materials & Contracts**

Materials & Contracts have increased by 10.6% on the previous financial year. The principal component of this increase has been higher waste disposal charges. Excluding these charges the increase was 6.5% and reflects additional service levels in Children's Services and additional costs which do not qualify for funding associated with the storm event in April 2015 which was declared as a natural disaster for the local government area.

#### **Depreciation & Amortisation**

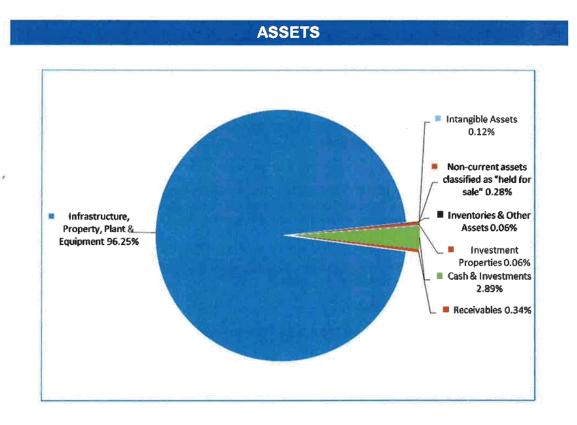
Depreciation and Amortisation has risen by 3.8% which is largely in line with budget. The higher depreciation and amortisation reflects the higher capital expenditure program over recent years.

#### Other Expenses

Other Expenses have increased by 8.4% on the previous financial year. These increases are related to increases in waste levy charges in Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises. Excluding these increases there was an increase of 0.4%.



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Asset items	2015 Actual (\$'000)	2014 Actual (\$'000)	% Variance
Current Assets		1	11 - 30 A
Cash & Cash Equivalents	5,988	7,265	(17.58)%
Investments	77,382	72,805	6.29%
Receivables	9,351	7,548	23.89%
Inventories	889	78	1,039.74%
Other	979	1,253	(21.87)%
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"	8,149	8,325	(2.11)%
Total Current Assets	102,738	97,274	5.62%
Non Current Assets			
Investments	1,158	3,283	(64.73)%
Receivables	565	519	8.86%
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	2,814,488	2,444,815	15.12%
Investments accounted for using the equity method	5. <u></u>	Ť	
Investment Property	1,825	1,800	1.39%
Intangible Assets	3,403	2,595	31.14%
Total Non Current Assets	2,821,439	2,453,012	15.02%
TOTAL ASSETS	2,924,177	2,550,286	14.66%



#### ASSETS

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments have decreased by \$0.756m (0.90%) to \$83.353m. The decrease is lower than expected principally due to higher than anticipated Capital Grants and Contributions, the settlement of the sale 16 Sturdee Parade Dee Why occurring earlier than expected and minor delays in the Capital Works Program.

#### Receivables

Receivables have increased by \$1.849m (22.9%) to \$9.916m principally reflecting an increase in accounts related to User Charges and Fees.

#### Inventories

Inventories have increased by \$0.811m to \$0.889m. This relates to Stockpiles of excavated rock which will be used in the future for landfill cover material. It is carried at cost, measured using the weighted average cost of acquisition, excavation and preparation.

#### Other

Other Assets are represented by Prepayments which decreased by \$0.274m to \$0.979m principally due to the timing of invoicing by suppliers.

#### Non-current assets "held for sale"

Assets held for resale decreased by \$0.176m to \$8.149m representing the sale of 16 Sturdee Parade Dee Why.

#### Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment

Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment increased by \$369.6m to \$2,814.4m. The principal component of this increase was the revaluation of the infrastructure assets by \$348m. Independent valuations were undertaken by external valuers, APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 for Road Assets, Stormwater Assets, Building Assets, Other Structures and Tennis Facilities. There were increases of \$97.2m in Road Assets, \$204.9m in Stormwater Assets and \$29.188 in Specialised and Non-Specialised Buildings. The principal changes related to increases in replacement costs. There were also capital works and non-cash contributions for land of \$38.7m and depreciation charges of \$15.65m.

#### Investment Property

Investment property increased in value by \$0.25m to \$1.825m. This represented the net gain from a fair value adjustment to 521 Pittwater Road Brookvale.

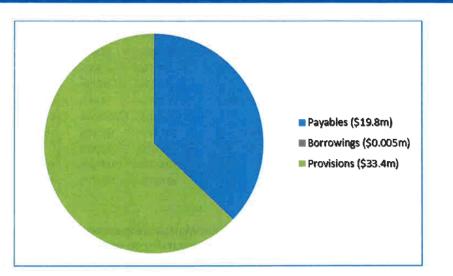
#### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets increased by \$0.808m to \$3.403m. This relates to development and other costs for gaining planning approvals for the right to build an alternate/advanced waste facility on the Kimbriki site.



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





Liability Items	2015 Actual (\$*000)	2014 Actual (\$'000)	% Variance
Current Liabilities			
Payables	19,791	17,704	11.79%
Borrow ings	3	9	-66.67%
Provisions	13,394	12,749	5.06%
Total Current Laibilities	33,188	30,462	8.95%
Non Current Liabilities			
Payables	्म.		0.00%
Borrow ings	2	4	-50.00%
Provisions	20,040	18,674	7.31%
Total Non Current Laibiitities	20,042	18,678	7.30%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	53,230	49,140	8.32%

#### **Payables**

Payables increased by \$2.087m to \$19.791m.The principal components of this increase were in Deposits and Retentions of \$0.849m, Accounts Payable for goods and services of \$0.464m, Accrued Expenses for Salaries and Wages and Other Expenses of \$0.493m.

#### Borrowings

Borrowings decreased by \$0.008m to \$0.005m. Council has minimal borrowings represented by finance leases for information technology equipment

#### Provisions

Provisions increased by \$\$2.011m to \$33.434m. The increases in the provisions relating to Employee Benefits of \$0.614m to \$14.082m and Self Insurance of \$0.505m to \$1.699m principally relate to changes in discount rates. There was also an increase of \$0.922m for the remediation of the Waste Landfill Site at Kimbriki.



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

	2015	2014	2013
Operating Performance	3.68%	3.59%	4.46%
Ow n Source Operating Revenue	86.80%	92.85%	92.32%
Unrestricted Current Ratio	3.47x	3.57x	4.07)
Debt Service Cover Ratio	23.53x	17.76x	15.36)
Rates & Annual Charges Outstanding Percentage	3.04%	2.98%	3.44%
Cash Expenses Cover Ratio	7.15 months	7.55 months	7.94 months
Buildings & Infrastruicture Rnenew als Ratio	150.12%	137.10%	183.48%
Infrastructure Backlog	0.92%	2.10%	2.05%
Asset Maintenance Ratio	104.17%	102.32%	109.35%
Capital Expenditure Ratio	237.81%	199.71%	183.48%

#### **Operating Performance**

This ratio measures Council's achievement of containing operating expenditure within operating revenue. It is important to distinguish that this ratio is focussing on operating performance and hence capital grants and contributions, fair value adjustments and reversal of revaluation decrements are excluded. The benchmark is greater than 0%.

Council's Operating Performance Indicator continues to be above the benchmark of 0% highlighting Council maintaining a surplus in accordance with its Financial Planning and Sustainability Policy.

#### Own Source Operating Revenue

This ratio measures fiscal flexibility. It is the degree of reliance on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions. Council's financial flexibility improves the higher the level of its own source revenue. The benchmark is greater than 60%.

Council's Own Source Operating Revenue Indicator continues to be well above the benchmark of 60% highlighting Council financial flexibility.

#### **Unrestricted Current Ratio**

The Unrestricted Current Ratio is specific to local government and is designed to represent a Council's ability to meet short term obligations as they fall due. Restrictions placed on various funding sources (e.g. Section 94 developer contributions, RMS contributions) complicate the traditional current ratio used to assess liquidity of businesses as cash allocated to specific projects is restricted and cannot be used to meet a Council's other operating and borrowing costs. The benchmark is greater than 1.5.

Council's Unrestricted Current Ratio of 3.47 is a decrease on last year's ratio of 3.57 principally due to a higher level of current liabilities at year end and expenditure on capital works. The ratio continues to reflect Council's sound financial position.

#### **Debt Service Cover Ratio**

This ratio measures the availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments. The benchmark is greater than 2.

Council's Debt Service Cover Ratio of 23.53x reflects a small number of finance leases as the only form of borrowing.



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Rates and annual charges outstanding

The purpose of this ratio is to assess the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts.

Council maintains low levels of outstanding rates and annual charges particularly given that it may allow aged pensioners where in its opinion payment would cause hardship to accrue Rates and Charges against their estate.

#### **Cash Expense Cover Ratio**

This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months a Council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow. The benchmark is greater than 3 months.

Council's Cash Expense Cover Ratio of 7.15 months continues to be above the benchmark of 3 months. Council maintains tight cash management controls enabling it to maximise its investment returns.

#### **Building and Infrastructure Renewal Ratio**

The purpose of the Building and Infrastructure Renewal Ratio is to assess the rate at which these assets are being renewed against the rate at which they are depreciating.

Council has continued its commitment to maintaining financial sustainability through the elimination of infrastructure backlogs and with ratio having averaged 156.9% over the past three years.

#### Infrastructure Backlog Ratio

This ratio shows what proportion the backlog is against the total value of a Council's infrastructure.

Council's Infrastructure Backlog Indicator has now reduced to below the benchmark of 2% indicating that Council does not have a significant infrastructure backlog and is reflective of the higher than benchmark ratios for Building and Infrastructure Renewals and Asset Maintenance.

#### Asset Maintenance Ratio

This ratio compares actual versus required annual asset maintenance. A ratio of above 1.0 indicates that the Council is investing enough funds within the year to stop the Infrastructure Backlog from growing. The benchmark is greater than 1.0.

Council's Asset Maintenance Ratio of 104.17% indicates that the level of expenditure on the maintenance of infrastructure assets is sufficient to prevent the infrastructure backlog from growing.

#### Capital Expenditure Ratio

This indicates the extent to which a Council is forecasting to expand its asset base with capital expenditure spent on both new assets, and replacement and renewal of existing assets. The benchmark is greater than 1.1.

Council's Capital Expenditure Ratio continues to be well above the benchmark reflecting its significant capital expenditure program and the utilisation of developer contributions for the construction of new assets.



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### HISTORICAL INFORMATION

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS					
Revenue:					
Rates & Annual Charges	96,578	93,225	88,201	83,119	79,257
User Charges & Fees	42,004	35,525	32,301	31,792	30,287
Interest & Investment Revenue	3,305	3,887	4,437	5,329	5,947
Other Revenues	11,198	11,394	10,408	9,356	7,624
Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes	8,912	6,320	7,288	8,677	7,549
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	14,361	4,750	3,970	4,160	6,921
Other Income:					
Net gains from the disposal of assets	1,777	1,255	4,781	205	167
Net Share of interests in Joint Ventures & Associated					
Entities using the Equity Method				377	71
TOTAL INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	178,135	156,356	151,386	143,015	137,823
EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS					
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	62,366	58,989	55,776	54,434	52,43
Borrowing Costs	951	945	902	312	33
Materials & Contracts	56,594	51,160	48,002	49,522	47,67
Depreciation & Amortisation	15,653	15,079	14,127	13,880	13,56
Impairment		2	X	•	
Other Expenses	20,422	18,843	17,644	16,129	14,62
interest & Investment Losses	-	2	2	-	
Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets				÷	
Net Share of interests in Joint Ventures & Associated					
Entities using the Equity Method			113		1.
TOTAL EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	155,986	145,016	136,564	134,277	128,63
OPERATING RESULT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	22,149	11,340	14,822	8,738	9,18
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations		•			
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR	22,149	11,340	14,822	8,738	9,18
Attributable to:					
- Council	20,197	10.356	13.694	7,459	8,11
- Non-controlling Interests	1,952	984	1,129	1,279	1,07
	10.00				1,01
Net Operating Result for the year before Grants and					
Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	7,788	6,590	10,852	4,578	2,26

Further details for the 2014 and 2015 financial years is provided in the notes accompanying the general purpose financial statements



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actua
\$ 1000	2015	2014	2013	2012	201
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	5,988	7,265	4,311	6,544	11,18
Investments	77,382	72,805	76,511	68,537	71,03
Receivables	9,351	7,548	6,922	6,584	8,29
Inventories	889	78	93	96	6,20
Other	979	1,253	1,180	1,037	86
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"	8,149	8,325	9,309	2,944	2,94
Total Current Assets	102,738	97,274	98,326	85,742	94,41
Non-Current Assets					
Investments	1,158	3,283	3,287	4,318	5,6
Receivables	565	519	515	497	4
nventories			÷.	~	
nfrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	2,814,488	2,444,815	2,429,738	2,383,286	2,369,6
investments accounted for using the equity method	<u> </u>	¥	1,113	1,226	8
nvestment Property	1,825	1,800	1,900	2,100	2,1
ntangible Assets	3,403	2,595	1,991	1,840	1,2
Other .			¥		
Total Non-Current Assets	2,821,439	2,453,012	2,438,544	2,393,267	2,379,9
TOTAL ASSETS	2,924,177	2,550,286	2,536,870	2,479,009	2,474,3
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Payables	19,791	17,704	13,719	13,766	18,6
Borrowings	3	9	261	491	5
Provisions	13,394	12,749	13,071	12,457	11,5
Total Current Liabilities	33,188	30,462	27,051	26,714	30,7
Non-Current Liabilities				600	4
Payables	2	- 4	- 13	274	
Borrowings	20,040			6,752	
Provisions	20,040	18,674	17,443	0,752	6,3
Investments accounted for using the equity method					
Total Non-Current Liabilities	20,042	18,678	17,456	7,626	7,2
TOTAL LIABILITIES	53,230	49,140	44,507	34,340	38,0
NET ASSETS	2,870,947	2,501,146	2,492,363	2,444,669	2,436,3
EQUITY					
Retained Earnings	2,369,146	2,348,784	2,339,980	2,326,286	2,318,8
Revaluation Reserves	492,193	144,312	144,312	110,929	110,9
Council Equity Interest	2,861,339	2,493,096	2,484,292	2,437,215	2,429,7
Non-controlling Interest	9,608	8,050	8,071	7,454	66,60
TOTAL EQUITY	2,870,947	2,501,146	2,492,363	2,444,669	2,496,3

Further details for the 2014 and 2015 financial years is provided in the notes accompanying the general purpose financial statements



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015



#### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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These Financial Statements are general purpose financial statements for Warringah Council and its controlled entities and are presented in Australian Currency.

Warringah Council is a body politic of NSW, Australia - being constituted as a Local Government area by proclamation and is duly empowered by the Local Government Act (LGA) 1993.

The Financial Statements are authorised for issue by the Council on 5 August 2015. Council has the power to amend and reissue the Financial Statements.

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our reporting is timely, complete, and available at minimum cost. All press releases, Financial Statements and other information are available on our website: www.warringah.nsw.gov.au.

### ELECTED MEMBERS

Michael Regan

COUNCILLORS

Vanessa Moskel

Sue Heins

Pat Daley

Bob Giltinan

Wayne Gobert OAM

Vincent De Luca OAM

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS 725 Pittwater Road Dee Why NSW 2099

OPENING HOURS Monday to Friday 8.30am - 5.00pm

### CONTACT DETAILS

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Dee Why NSW 2099

Roslyn Harrison Duncan Kerr Jose Menano-Pires

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AUDITORS Hill Rogers Spencer Steer

OFFICERS GENERAL MANAGER Rik Hart

PUBLIC OFFICER John Warburton

RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTING OFFICER David Walsh



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

#### STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with:

The Local Government Act 1993 (as amended) and the Regulations made thereunder

The Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements.

• The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these Statements:

- · present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render this Report false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 4 August 2015.

Michael Regan MAYOR

COUNCILLOR

Rik Hart GENERAL MANAGER David Walsh RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTING OFFICER



#### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **INCOME STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Budget <sup>(1)</sup>	C 1999		Actual	Actual
2015	\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
	INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
	Revenue:			
96,520	Rates & Annual Charges	3a	96,578	93,22
39,386	User Charges & Fees	3b	42,004	35,52
3,325	Interest & Investment Revenue	3c	3,305	3,88
10,144	Other Revenues	3d	11,198	11,39
8,752	Grants & Contributions provided for Operating Purposes	3e,f	8,912	6,32
3,143	Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	3e,f	14,361	4,75
	Other Income:			
298	Net gains from the disposal of assets	5	1,777	1,25
	Net Share of interests in Joint Ventures & Associated			
-	Entities using the Equity Method	19		
161,568	TOTAL INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		178,135	156,35
	EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
62,100	Employee Benefits & On-Costs	4a	62,366	58,98
1,052	Borrowing Costs	4b	951	94
54,783	Materials & Contracts	4c	56,594	51,16
15,721	Depreciation & Amortisation	4d	15,653	15,07
	Impairment	4d		
20,636	Other Expenses	4e	20,422	18,84
- 	Interest & Investment Losses	3c	2	
	Net Losses from the Disposal of Assets	5		
	Net Share of interests in Joint Ventures & Associated			
2	Entities using the Equity Method	19		
154,292	TOTAL EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		155,986	145,01
7,276	OPERATING RESULT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		22,149	11,34
	DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
		24		
7.070	Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	24	-	44.04
7,276	NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR		22,149	11,34
	Attributable to:			
5,590	~ Council		20,197	10,35
1,686	- Non-controlling Interests		1,952	98
	Net Operating Result for the year before Grants and Contributions			
4,133	provided for Capital Purposes		7,788	6.59

<sup>(1)</sup>Original Budget as approved by Council - refer Note 16

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		Actual	Actual	
\$'000	Notes	2015	2014	
Net operating result for the year - from income Statement		22,149	11,340	
Other Comprehensive Income				
Gain on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	20b	348,046		
Total other Comprehensive Income for the year		348,046		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		370,195	11,340	
Attributable to:				
- Council		368,243	10,356	
- Non-controlling Interests		1,952	984	

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2015

		Actual	Actua
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	6a	5,988	7,26
Investments	6b	77,382	72,80
Receivables	7	9,351	7,54
Inventories	8	889	7
Other	8	979	1,25
Non-current assets classified as "held for sale"	22	8,149	8,32
Total Current Assets		102,738	97,27
Non-Current Assets			
Investments	6b	1,158	3,28
Receivables	7	565	51
Inventories	8		
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	9	2,814,488	2,444,81
Investments accounted for using the equity method	19	2	
Investment Property	14	1,825	1,80
Intangible Assets	25	3,403	2,59
Other	8	····· ··· ··· ···	
Total Non-Current Assets		2,821,439	2,453,01
TOTAL ASSETS		2,924,177	2,550,28
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	10	19,791	17,70
Borrowings	10	3	
Provisions	10	13,394	12,74
Total Current Liabilities		33,188	30,46
Non-Current Liabilities			
Payables	10	-	
Borrowings	10	2	
Provisions	10	20,040	18,67
Investments accounted for using the equity method	19	-	
Total Non-Current Liabilities		20,042	18,67
TOTAL LIABILITIES		53,230	49,14
NET ASSETS		2,870,947	2,501,14
EQUITY			
Retained Earnings	20	2,369,146	2,348,78
Revaluation Reserves	20	492,193	144,31
Council Equity Interest		2,861,339	2,493,09
Non-controlling Interest		9,608	8,05
TOTAL EQUITY		2,870,947	2,501,14

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes



#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

\$ '000	Notes	Retained Earnings	Reserves (Refer 20b)	Council Equity Interest	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
2015						
Opening Balance		2,348,784	144,312	2,493,096	8,050	2,501,146
Correction of Errors	20d	~	-		-	
Changes in Accounting Policles	20e		¥			
Restated Opening Balances		2,348,784	144,312	2,493,096	8,050	2,501,146
Net Operating Result for the year		20,197	9	20,197	1,952	22,149
Other Comprehensive Income			348,046	348,046		348,046
Total Comprehensive Income		20,197	348,046	368,243	1,952	370,195
Transfer from Asset Revaluation Reserve	20a	165	12	165	÷	165
Transfer to Retained Earnings	20ь		(165)	(165)	3	(165)
Dividends Pald to Minority Interests		-	-		(394)	(394)

<b>Closing Balance</b>		2,368,981	492,358	2,861,339	9,608	2,870,947
-			X			

\$ '000	Notes	Retained Earnings	Reserves (Refer 20b)	Council Equity Interest	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
2014						
Opening Balance		2,339,980	144,312	2,484,292	8,071	2,492,363
Correction of Errors	20d	(575)	×	(575)	(553)	(1,128)
Changes in Accounting Policies	20e	(977)	-	(977)		(977)
Restated Opening Balances		2,338,428	144,312	2,482,740	7,518	2,490,258
Net Operating Result for the year		10,356	~	10,356	984	11,340
Other Comprehensive Income				11 <b>-</b> 7		
Total Comprehensive Income		10,356		10,356	984	11,340
Dividends Paid to Minority Interests					(452)	(452)
Closing Balance		2,348,784	144,312	2,493,096	8,050	2,501,146

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes



**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Budget			Actual	Actual
2015	\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
	Receipts:			
96,520	Rates & Annual Charges		96,409	93,501
39,386	User Charges & Fees		40,443	35,623
3,325	Interest & Investment Revenue Received		3,490	3,616
11,895	Grants & Contributions		19,660	11,092
~	Deposits & Retentions Received		2,091	2,68
10,144	Other		10,961	11,403
	Payments:			
(61,945)	Employee Benefits & On-Costs		(61,451)	(58,936
(54,783)	Materials & Contracts		(57,255)	(48,430
-	Borrowing Costs		(29)	(209
2	Deposits & Retentions Refunded	*	(1,242)	(2,346
(21,229)	Other Expenses		(19,493)	(19,898
23,313	Net Cash provided (or used in) Operating Activities	11b	33,584	28,10
	Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
	Receipts:			
	Sale of Investments		127,495	117,84
•	Sale of Investment Property		( <b>7</b> )	
1,948	Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment		1,427	2,19
6,448	Sale of Non Current Assets Held for Resale		2,000	
	Payments:			
-	Purchase of Investment Securities		(129,924)	(113,952
(40,316)	Purchase of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment		(34,649)	(29,921
-	Purchase of Intangibles		(808)	(604
(31,920)	Net Cash provided (or used in) investing Activities		(34,459)	(24,435
	Cook Elever Financian Anti-Mina			
	Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
0.500	Receipts:			
9,500	Proceeds from Borrowings & Advances		6 <del>.5</del> 1	
	Payments:			
(332)	Repayment of Borrowings & Advances		-	
(13)	Repayment of Finance Lease Liabilities		(8)	(261
(394)	Dividends Paid to Minority Interests		(394)	(452
8,761	Net Cash Flow provided (used in) Financing Activities		(402)	(713
154	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents		(1,277)	2,95
7,477	Cash & Cash Equivalents at beginning of the year	11a	7,265	4,31
7,631	Cash & Cash Equivalents - end of the year	11a	5,988	7,26

Please refer to Note 11 for information on the following:

- Non Cash Financing & Investing Activities.

- Financing Arrangements.

- Net cash flow disclosures relating to any Discontinued Operations

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes



M ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the Local Government Act (1993) and Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. Warringah Council is a not for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

#### (i) New and amended standards adopted by Council

During the current year, the following relevant standards became mandatory for Council and have been adopted: During the current year, the following relevant standards became mandatory for Council and have been adopted:

- AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements
- AASB 11 Joint Arrangements AASB 12 Disclosures of Interests
- in other Entities AASB 127 Separate Financial
- Statements 128 AASB Investments in
- Associates and Joint Ventures AASB 2011-7 Amendments to
- Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangements standard AASB 10 Consolidated Financial

Statement contains a revised definition of 'control' that will apply to all entities and for some entities will expand the number and types of entities that are consolidated. The revised definition of control has not changed the basis upon which Council accounts for its interest in Kimbriki Environmental Enterprise Pty Ltd.

AASB 11 Joint Arrangements redefines which entities qualify as joint ventures and removes the option to account for joint ventures using proportional consolidation. AASB 11 supersedes AASB 131 Joint Ventures. Warringah and Pittwater Councils share a Direct Service Agreement with the NSW Rural Fire Service. This arrangement was previously treated as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Upon the first time application of AASB10 and AASB11, Council reassessed this accounting policy and determined it did not control, Council reassessed this accounting policy and determined it did not control,

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or share joint control, of the activities of the service.

AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities -- contains all the disclosure requirements associated with "other entities". This has been provided in Note 19.

There have been no changes to the financial statements as a result of changes to the following other than for those noted above:

AASB 127 Separate Financial Statements - has been revised consequential to the release of AASB's 10 and 12

AASB 128 Investments In Associates and Joint Ventures - has been revised consequential to the release of AASB's 10, 11 and 12

AASB 2011-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangements standard - contain consequential amendments to 20 other standards and 4 interpretations in light of AASB's 10, 11 12, 127 and 128

#### (ii) Early adoption of standards

Warringah Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2014.

#### (III) Historical Cost Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

#### (iv) Significant Accounting Estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience other factors, including and expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Warringah Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seidom equal the related actual results. The estimates and

assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below.

- (i) Estimated fair values of investment properties
- (ii) Estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.
- (iii) Estimated tip remediation provisions.

#### Significant judgements in applying the

council's accounting policies (i) Impairment of Receivables Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a

number of its receivables in Note 7.

(ii) Projected Section 94 Commitments Council has used significant judgement in determining future Section 94 income and expenditure in Note 17.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliablymeasured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below.

Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is measured on major income categories as follows:

#### (I) Rates, Annual Charges, Grants and Contributions

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenues when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required but Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Control over granted assets is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant



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#### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

has been secured, and is valued at their fair value at the date of transfer.

Revenue is recognised when the Council obtains control of the contribution or the right to receive the contribution, it is probable that the economic benefits comprising the contribution will flow to the Council and the amount of the contribution can be measured reliably.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were undischarged at balance date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed in Note 3(g). The note also discloses the amount of unused grant or contribution from prior years that was expended on Council's operations during the current year.

Council has obligations to provide facilities from contribution revenues levied on developers under the provisions of Section 94A of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

Whilst Council generally incorporates these amounts as part of a Development Consent Order, such developer contributions are only recognised as income upon their physical receipt by Council, due to the possibility that individual Development Consents may not be acted upon by the applicant and accordingly would not be payable to Council. A detailed Note relating to developer contributions can be found at Note 17.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at balance date.

#### (ii) User Charges, Fees and Other Income

User charges, fees and other income (including parking fees and fines) are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received, or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.

#### (iii) Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment

The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer.

#### (iv) Interest

Interest income is recognised using the

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effective interest rate at the date that interest is earned.

#### (v) Rent

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (vi) Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the Council's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

#### (vii) Other Income

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

#### (c) Principles of Consolidation

#### (i) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the LGA 1993, all rooney and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

The following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

General Purpose Operations Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises Pty Limited

#### (ii) The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and property received by the Council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of or in accordance with the trusts relating to those monies. Trust monies and property subject to Council's control have been included in these reports.

Trust monies and property held by Council but not subject to the control of Council, have been excluded from these reports. A separate statement of monies held in the Trust Fund is available for inspection at the Council office by any person free of charge.

#### (iii) County Councils

Council is not a member of any County Councils

#### (iv) Interests in other entities

#### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Council has control. Control is established when the Council is

exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial position and performance of controlled entities from the date on which control is obtained until the date that control is lost. Intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cashflows relating to transaction between entities in the consolidated entity have been eliminated in full for the purpose of these financial statements. Appropriate adjustments have been made to a controlled entity's financial position, performance and cash flows where the accounting policies used by that entity were different from those adopted by the consolidated entity. All controlled entities have a June financial year end.

A list of controlled entities is contained in Note 19 to the financial statements.

#### Joint Arrangements

AASB 11 Joint Arrangements defines a joint arrangement as an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint classifies control and these arrangements as either joint ventures or joint operations. Council has determined that it has neither joint ventures nor joint operations.

Joint ventures Joint ventures are those joint arrangements which provide the Council with rights to the net assets of the arrangements. Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in accordance with AASB 128 Associates and Joint Ventures. Under this method, the investment is initially recognised as cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Council's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investee after the date of acquisition.

If the Council's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the Council discontinues recognising its share of further losses. The Council's share in the joint ventures gains or losses arising from transactions between itself and its joint venture are eliminated.

Adjustments are made to the joint ventures accounting policies where they are different from those of the Council for the purpose of the consolidated financial statements.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Associates

(e) Leases

Interests in associates, where the Council has significant influence over the investee, are accounted for using the equity method in accordance with AASB 128 Associates and Joint Ventures. Under this method, the Investment is initially recognised as cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Council's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investee after the date of acquisition.

### (d) Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method which requires an acquiring entity to be identified in all cases. The acquisition date under this method is the date that the acquiring entity obtains control over the acquired entity.

The fair value of identifiable assets and liabilifies acquired are recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.

Goodwill or a gain on bargain purchase may arise on the acquisition date, this is calculated by comparing the consideration transferred and the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree with the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired. Where consideration is greater than the assets, the excess is recorded as goodwill. Where the net assets acquired are greater than the consideration, the measurement basis of the net assets are reassessed and then a gain from bargain purchase recognised in profit or loss.

All acquisition related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred except for costs to issue debt or equity securities.

Any contingent consideration which forms part of the combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity then it is not re-measured and the settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise subsequent changes in the value of the contingent consideration liability. Leases of property, plant and equipment where Council, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of The finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that Council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### (f) impairment of assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an asset is not held principally for cash generating purposes and would be replaced if the Council was deprived of it then depreciated replacement cost is used as value in use, otherwise value in use is estimated by using a discounted cash flow model.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

### (g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

### (h) Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or reorganisation, and defa financial default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired.



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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement within other expenses. When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other excenses in the income statement.

### (i) Inventories

### (i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods Raw materials and stores, work in

progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Stockpiles of excavated rock which will be used in the future for landfill cover material is carried at cost, measured using the weighted average cost of acquisition, excavation and preparation. Material extracted from the stockpile is expensed in the period it is used.

### (ii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holdings are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cast of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

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### amount of the impairment (j) Non-Current "Held for Sale"

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell

The exception to this is plant and motor vehicles which are turned over on a regular basis. Plant and motor vehicles are relained in Non-Current Assets under the classification of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment unless the assets are to be traded in after 30 June and the replacement assets were already purchased and accounted for as at 30 June.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset to fair value less costs to sell. gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset is recognised at the date of derecognition.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as 'held for sale".

Non-current assets classified as "held for sale" are presented separately from the other assets in the statement of financial position.

### (k) Investments and Other Financial Assets Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets in ancial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-forsale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. determines Management the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for

trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in Receivables (Note 7) in the statement of financial position.

### (iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If Council were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. Heldto-maturity financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

### (iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date. Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

### Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date - the date on which Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.



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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

When securities classified as availablefor-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

### Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-tomaturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-forsale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security (note Council's obligations under Section 625 of the Local Government Act and S212 of the LG (General) Regulation 2005).The translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of other monetary and nonmonetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

Details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in note 1(l).

### Impairment

Council assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

### **Investment Policy**

Council has an approved investment policy complying with Section 625 of the Local Government Act and S212 of the LG (General) Regulation 2005. Investments are placed and managed in accordance with that policy and having particular regard to authorised investments prescribed under the Local Government Ministerial Investment Order. Council maintains an investment policy that complies with the Act and ensures that it or its representatives exercise care, diligence and skill that a prudent person would exercise in investing Council funds. Council amended its policy following revisions to the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order arising from the Cole Inquiry recommendations. Certain investments the Council holds are no longer prescribed – for example subordinated debt obligations – however they have been retained under grandfathering provisions of the Order. These will be disposed of when most financially advantageous to Council.

### (I) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the statement of financial reporting date.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Council for similar financial instruments.

### (m) Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment (I,PP&E)

Council's assets have been progressively revalued to fair value in accordance with а staged implementation advised by the Office of Local Government.

At balance date the following classes of IPP&E were stated at their fair value:

- Operational land (External
- Valuation).
- Buildings Specialised/Non Specialised (External Valuation).
- Plant and equipment (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Road assets roads, bridges and footpaths (External Valuation)
- Drainage assets (External Valuation)
- Community Land (Internal
- Valuation) Other structures (External
- Valuation).
- Other assets (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).

For all assets, Council assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a revalued asset's carrying amount may differ materially from that which would be determined if the asset were revalued at the reporting date



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

If any such indication exists, Council determines the asset's fair value and revalues the asset to that amount. Full revaluations are undertaken for all assets on a 5 year cycle.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves diracity in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred

Land including land under roads is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their preserved values, over estimated useful lives, as follows: their

### Plant & Equipment

Office Equipment	5 -	10 years
Office Furniture	10 -	20 years
Vehicles	5 –	8 years
Heavy Plant and Road		-
Making Equipment	5 –	8 years
Other Plant and		-
Equipment	5 –	15 years
Other Equipment		

Playground Equipment	5 - 15 years
Benches, seats etc	10 - 20 years
Park Structures	
<ul> <li>Masonry</li> </ul>	50 - 100 years
Park Structures	
<ul> <li>Other Construction</li> </ul>	20 - 40 years
Buildings	
Buildings – Masonry	50 - 100 years

Buildings – Masonry	20 - 40 years
Buildings – Other	20 - 40 years

Stormwater Drainage Drains	60 –100 years
Transportation Assets	
Sealed Roads -	
Surface	8 – 20 years
Sealed Roads –	120 years
Structure	
Bridge – Concrete	100 years
Bridge – Other	100 years
Road Pavements	50 - 60 years
Kerb, Gutter & Paths	80 years
Other Assets	
Library Books	5 – 15 years
Artworks	Indefinite

The assets' preserved values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting position date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

Land, other than land under roads, is classified as either operational or community in accordance with Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the Local Government Act (1993). This classification is made in Note 9(a).

Capitalisation Thresholds All items of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment are capitalised with the exception where the cost of acquisition is as follows:

### Plant & Equipment

Office Furniture	< \$2,000
Office Equipment	< \$2,000
Other Plant & Equipment	< \$2,000

### Restricted Assets

Note 9(a) includes property assets at No's 7, 8, 8A & 10 Kimbriki Rd, Ingleside. These assets were acquired during previous reporting periods. As at June 2015, council holds equity in the four (4) properties at Kimbriki Rd, Ingleside for the purpose of site closure by agreement with Manly, Mosman and Pittwater councils. 7 Kimbriki Rd, Ingleside has been partly funded by the Domestic Waste Management Reserve to the extent of 35.5% of the purchase price, which equals \$0.852 million.

### (n) Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising freehold office buildings, is held for long- term rental yields and is not occupied by the Council. Investment property is carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, Council uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by a member of the Australian Property Institute. Changes in fair values are recorded in profit or loss as part of other income. The last revaluation for Council's Investment Properties was dated 30 June 2015.

Investment property includes properties that are under construction for future use as investment properties. These are also carried at fair value unless the fair value cannot yet be reliably determined. Where that is the case, the property will be accounted for at cost until either the fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete.

Council has only one property classified as an investment property which is situated at 521 Pittwater Road. Brookvale.

### (o) Payables

(I) Goods & Services

These amounts represent liabilities and Include goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### (ii) Payments received in advance & deposits

Amounts received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to Council assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

The interest rate that Council will pay on monles held in bonds is 0.20% per annum. (Commonwealth Every account). Only accrued inte amounts over \$1.00 will be paid out. Everyday interest



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (p) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity purposes and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its Intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

### (r) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

### (s) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations Liabilities for wages and salaries,

labilities for wages and estantes, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefits. All

### (II) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave which is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the statement of financial position if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

### (iii) Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

### Defined Benefit Plans

A liability or asset in respect of defined benefit superannuation plans would ordinarily be recognised in the statement of financial position, and in the measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date plus unrecognised actuarial gains (less unrecognised actuarial losses) less the fair value of the superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised past service cost. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments which arise from membership of the fund to the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. However, when this information is not reliably available, Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable.

### Defined Contributions Plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.



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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (t) Land under roads

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008 in accordance with AASB 1051. Any land under roads that was recognised before 1 July 2008 was derecognised at 1 July 2008 against the opening balance of retained earnings.

Land under roads acquired after 1 July2008 is recognised in accordance with AASB 116 - Property, Plant and Equipment.

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

### (u) Self insurance

Council has decided to self-insure for various risks including public liability and professional indemnity. This is up to a limit of \$150,000 (\$600,000 prior to 1 July 2006) per claim/event for public liability and \$50,000 per claim/event for professional indemnity. A provision for self-insurance has been made to recognise outstanding claims the amount of which is detailed in Note 10. Council also maintains cash and investments to meet expected future claims and these are detailed in Note 6(c).

### (v) Intangible assets Alternative Waste Technology

Costs incurred in acquiring licences and rights that will contribute to future period financial benefits through revenue generation and/or cost reduction are capitalised to licensing. Costs capitalised include external direct costs of materials and service, direct payrolf and payroll related costs of employees' time spent on the project. Amortisation will be calculated on a straight line basis over the life of the project. Development costs include only those costs directly attributable to the development phase and are only recognised following completion of technical feasibility and where Council has an intention and ability to use the asset

### (w) Crown Reserves

Crown Reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the Council.

While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown Reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement. Representations from both State and Local Government are being sought to develop a consistent accounting treatment for Crown Reserves across both tiers of government.

(x) Rural Fire Service assets Under section 119 of the Rural Fires Act 1997, "all fire fighting equipment purchased or constructed wholly or from money to the credit of the Fund Is to be vested in the council of the area for or on behalf of which the fire fighting equipment has been purchased or constructed".

Until such time as discussions on this matter have concluded and the legislation changed, Council will exclude these assets including plant and vehicles and depreciation charges within the Financial Statements.

### (y) Goods & Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables within the statement of financial position are stated inclusive of any applicable GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from or payable to the ATO is included as a current asset or current liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

### (z) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2015 reporting periods. Warringah Council's assessment of the impact of standards new these and interpretations is set out below.

### AASB 9 Financial Instruments and associated amending standards Significant revisions to the classification

and measurement of financial assets, reducing the number of categories and simplifying the measurement choices, including the removal of impairment testing of assets measured at fair value. The amortised cost model is available for debt assets meeting both business model and cash flow characteristics tests. All investments in equity instruments using AASB 9 are to be measured at fair value.

Amends measurement rules for financial liabilities that the entity elects to measure at fair value through profit and loss. Changes in fair value attributable to changes in the entity's own credit risk are presented in other comprehensive income.

Impairment of assets is now based on expected losses in AASB 9 which requires entities to measure:

- the 12-month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); of full lifetime
- expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument.

Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

The available-for-sale investments held will be classified as fair value through OCI and will no longer be subject to impairment testing. The impairment loss recognised in the current year financial statements in relation to these statements was \$Nil.

Other impacts on the reported financial position and performance have not yet been determined.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### AASB 2014 – 10 Sale or contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture.

The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in AASB 10 and those in AASB 128 (2011), in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture.

The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.

Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

This will only have impact for Councils with associates or joint ventures where there has been a sale or contribution of assets between the entity and its investor.

If Council does not have an associate or joint venture then this standard should not be included in the note.

If Council has made or anticipates making a sale or contribution with its joint venture or associate then the impact should be documented.

AASB 2014 – 3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations [AASB 1 and AASB 11]

This Standard amends AASB 11 to provide guidance on the accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations in which the activity constitutes a business. (a) the acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business, as defined in AASB 3 Business Combinations, to apply all of the principles on business combinations accounting in AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in AASB 11; and

The amendments require:

(b) the acquirer to disclose the information required by AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards for business combinations.

This Standard also makes an editorial correction to AASB 11. Annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 If a joint operation is acquired during the reporting period, then this standard clarifies the accounting for the acquisition to be in accordance with AASB 3, i.e. assets and liabilities acquired to be measured at fair value

If the entity has not acquired a joint operation then there will be no impact on adoption of this standard and therefore this standard should be deleted from this note.

AASB 15 Revenue from contracts with customers and associated amending standards

AASB 15 Introduces a five step process for revenue recognition with the core principle of the new Standard being for entities to recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration (that is, payment) to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services Accounting policy changes will arise in timing of revenue recognition, treatment of contracts costs and contracts which contain a financing element AASB 15 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements Annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The changes in revenue recognition requirements in AASB 15 may cause changes to the timing and amount of revenue recorded in the financial statements as well as additional disclosures. The impact of AASB 15 has not yet been quantified. WARRINGAH COUNCIL

> NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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### NOTE 2(a) FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

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Income. Expenses and Assets have been directly attributed to the following Functions/Activities. Details of these Functions/Activities are provided in Note 2(b)

	Incom	Income from Continuéng Operations	Dujin	Expenses fro.	Expenses from Continuing Operations	Operations	Operating F	Operating Result from Continuing Operations	Bupnipu	Income from Continuing Operations	Continuing	Total Asi (Current & N	Total Assets held (Current & Non-current)
	Original Budget	Actual	Actual	Original Budget	Actual	Actual	Original Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
Functions/Activities	2015	2015	2014	2015	2015	2014	2015	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Corporate Support	12,826	23,762	24,224	8,991	7,365	16,263	3,835	16,397	7,961	1,809	1,378	1,917,697	1,851,480
Good Governance	4,132	4,193	5,803	4,132	3,892	6,726	×,	301	(EZ6)	3,154	1,581	×	×
Certification	1,152	392	728	1,152	1,187	1,100	ÿ	(195)	(372)	×	*	×	.*
Child Care	8,520	9,633	8,463	9,620	9,399	8,432	8	234	31	736	591	4,664	658
Community & Safety	6,227	6,976	5,859	6,227	6,215	5,802		761	25	271	201	138	287
Compliance	8,410	8,606	5,950	8,410	8,456	5,537	3	150	413	:*	S#	34	34
Cultural Services	1,364	1,409	1,192	1,364	1,250	1,366	9	159	(174)	94.) 	аř	-16	₩.)
Development Assessment	5,660	5,703	5,375	5,669	5,726	5,446		(EZ)	(11)	(14)) -	990 1	900 1	38
Cien Street Theatre	2,889	2,958	2,289	2,389	3,087	2,385	ť	(66)	(96)	¥5	ê	10	12
Information & Library	6,640	6,641	6,291	6,640	7,017	6,480	*	(376)	(188)	381	367	1,551	1,369
Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises	29,349	31,697	21,996	25,908	27,711	23,694	3,441	3,986	(1,698)	10	÷	÷	13,822
Natural Environment	12,291	12,711	11,046	12,291	12,443	10,965	×	268	81	1,008	327	438,528	234,166
Parks, Reserves & Foreshores	12,177	12,638	11,359	12,177	12,833	11,833	×	(195)	(474)	81	×	113,701	101,088
Roads, Traffic & Waste	39,985	41,628	37,877	36,985	40,975	31,151	3	653	6,726	2,957	1,496	446,177	346,835
Strategic Planning	4,376	4,186	3,745	4,376	4,025	3,307	ji I	157	438	¢#	162	э.	а <u>т</u>
Warringah Aquatic Centre	4,561	4,372	4,159	4,561	4,401	4,665		(29)	(206)		,	1.711	531
Total Functions & Activities	161,568	178,135	156,356	154,292	156,996	146,152	1,276	22,149	11,264	10,407	6,103	2,924,177	2,558,288
General Purpose Income <sup>1</sup>	*	*	×			*		*		×	*	*	
Totals	24	×	4	(r	3	×		ŝ		×	×		
Operating Result attributable to Council	161,568	178,135	156,356	154,292	156,986	145,152	7,276	22,149	11,204	10,407	6,103	2,924,177	2,550,288
Presention Description in Minache Interest							ł		40.346				

Includes: Rates & Amnual Charges (Incl. Ex-Gradis), Unlied General Purpose Grants & Unrestricted Interest & Investment Income of 2015 \$53,236 (Budget) and \$32,345 (Actual) and 2014 \$73,993 (Actual).

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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 2(b) COMPONENTS OF FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

Details relating to the Council's functions / activities as reported in Note 2(a) are as follows:

### **Certification Services**

Issue of certificates and approvals (including Construction, Occupations, Strata, Compliance and Building Certificates), as well as conducting principal certifying authority functions.

### **Children's Services**

Long day, mobile occasional and family day care. Provision of programs, events, information and referral for children and their families. Aboriginal services, family and community education and vulnerable familiy service and support.

### **Community & Safety Services**

Seniors and disabled service and support, beach management, community centre management, community development program and vulnerable service and support.

### **Compliance Services**

Investigate and enforce compliance relating to unlawful building works, unlawful land uses, fire safety and breach of consent. Complaints investigation, public safety and health projects, environmental health, animal management and education.

### **Corporate Support Services**

Costs not otherwise attributed to other services (includes Customer Service, Finance, Human Resources, Information Management & Technology, Procurement and Property and Commercial Development).

### Cultural Services

Co-ordination of civic and landmark events (eg Citizenship and Australia Day), community festivals, exhibitions and cultural programs.

### **Development Assessment Services**

Assessment on development and subdivision, advice on development, advice and service on civil engineering.

### **Glen Street Theatre**

Host performing arts professionals, community groups, schools and corporate users.

### **Good Governance**

Corporate planning, strategic advice and support, corruption prevention strategies, community engagement, elected council support, policy development and review and manage complaints service.

Information and Library Services Public libraries providing lending, information and search services, communal space for study/research and supporting communities information, education, cultural and recreational needs.

### Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises

Operation of landfill and recycling from commercial and domestic customers.

### Natural Environment

Advice on natural areas and environmental issues, planning and research on environmental sustainability, environmental education and stormwater management.

### Parks, Reserves and Foreshores

Management of parks, reserves, foreshores assets including sportsgrounds, playgrounds, rock pools and other recreational facilities.

Roads, Traffic and Waste Street lighting, collection of commercial and domestic waste, public place cleaning, road network asset maintenance and traffic management.

### Strategic Planning

Advice on land use, development and policy.

### Warringah Aquatic Centre

Aquatic centre management, providing water safety, water fitness, learn to swim and coaching programs.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000 Notes (a) Rates & Annual Charges	2015	2014
•		
Ordinary Rates	60.004	50 4 40
Residential	60,204	58,148
Business Total Ordinarii Pater	14,574 74, <b>778</b>	14,074
Total Ordinary Rates	14,110	12,224
Special Rates NI		
Annual Charges (pursuant to s496, s501 & s611)	21,713	20,923
Domestic Waste Management Services	21,713	20,823
Section 611 Charges Total Annual Charges	21.800	21,003
TOTAL RATES & ANNUAL CHARGES	96,578	93,225
Council has used 2012 year valuations provided by the NSW Valuer General in calculating its rates.	edjord	
(b) User Charges & Fees		
User Charges (pursuant to s.502)		
Waste Management Services (non-domestic)	481	454
Total User Charges	481	454
Fees		
Planning & Building Regulation	2,285	2,156
Regulatory/ Statutory Fees	405	332
Section 149 Certificates (EPA Act)	504	549
Section 603 Certificates	228	26
Dog Registration	47	64
Road Inspections	210	134
Child Care	6,955	5,964
Community Centres	1,787	1,729
Glen Street Theatre	1,238	77
Kimbriki Waste & Recycling Centre	22,018	17,923
Libraries	104	10
Parking Areas	1,465	1,158
Restoration Charges	1,098	787
Swimming Centres	2,257	2,17
Other	922	954
Total Fees	41,523	35,071
	42,004	35,52



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

	Actual	Actua
\$ '000	Notes 2015	2014
(c) Interest & Investment Revenue (incl. losses)		
Interest & Dividends		
- Overdue Rates & Annual Charges	200	22
- Cash and Investments	3,062	3,484
Fair Value Adjustments		
- Investments	23	18
TOTAL INTEREST & INVESTMENT REVENUE	3,305	3,88
Interest Revenue is attributable to:		
Unrestricted Investments/Financial Assets:		
Overdue Rates & Annual Charges	200	22
General Council Cash & Investments	2,206	2,57
Restricted Investments/Funds - External:		
Development Contributions		
- Section 94	723	91
- Section 94A	176	17
Total Interest & Investment Revenue Recognised	3,305	3,88
(d) Other Revenues		
Ex Gratia Rates	21	2
Fair Value Adjustment - Investment Properties	25	
Insurance Claim Recoveries		2
Legal Fees Recovery - Rates & Charges (Extra Charges)	44	10
Legal Fees Recovery - Other	102	8
Other Fines	471	43
Parking Fines	2,310	2,55
Recycling Income (non domestic)	2,304	2,11
Rental Income - Investment Properties	145	10
Rental Income - Other Council Properties	2,803	2,34
Sales - General	276	18
Sullage Income/Sponsorship	26	2
Waste Performance Improvement	335	37
Other Revenues	2,336	3,03
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	11,198	11,39



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

		2015	2014	2015	2014
\$ '000	Notes	Operating	Operating	Capital	Capita
(e) Grants					
General Purpose (Untied)					
Financial Assistance - General Component		3,154	1,581	2	
Financial Assistance - Local Roads Component		1,246	614	÷.	
Pensioners' Rates Subsidies - General Component		739	759		
Total General Purpose		5,139	2,954	k	
Specific Purpose					
Pensioners' Rates Subsidies:					
- Domestic Waste Management		259	244		
Bushfire & Emergency Services		57	50		
Child Care		740	591		
Coast & Estuaries		98	99	779	
Community Care		109	93		
Community Centres		70	108	120	
Environmental Protection		107	130	811	
Library		97	91	284	27
Noxious Weeds		24	48	-	
Recreation & Culture		-	-	25	
Street Lighting		411	349	-	
Transport (Roads to Recovery)		-	-	588	60
Transport (Other Roads & Bridges Funding)		73	69	606	22
Local Environmental Planning		-	162		
Other		10	5		
Total Specific Purpose		2,055	2,039	3,213	1,11
Total Grants		7,194	4,993	3,213	1,11
Grant Revenue is attributable to:					
- Commonwealth Funding		4,667	2,478	588	60
- State Funding		2,527	2,515	2,625	50
		7,194	4,993	3,213	1,11



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

		2015	2014	2015	2014
\$ '000	Notes	Operating	Operating	Capital	Capital
(f) Contributions					
Developer Contributions:					
- S 94		-		238	(18)
- S 94A Levies		¥	-	5,764	2,170
Total Developer Contributions	17	1.5		6,002	2,152
Other Contributions:					
Bushfire Services		136	162	6	488
Coast & Estuarles		1	1	2	
Other Councils - Joint Works/Services		189	55	÷	,
Recreation & Culture		3	:=:	359	369
RMS Contributions (Regional/Local, Block Grant)		359	352	642	519
Community Services		22	15	540	) E
Community Land		-		3,599	-
Other		1,008	742		112
Total Other Contributions		1,718	1,327	5,146	1,488
Total Contributions		1,718	1,327	11,148	3,640
TOTAL GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS		8,912	6,320	14,361	4,750

### (g) Restrictions relating to Grants and Contributions

### Certain grants & contributions are obtained by Council on condition that they be spent in a specified manner:

Grants and contributions recognised in the current period which have not been spent	7,257	3,307
Less: Grants and contributions recognised in a previous reporting period which have been spent in the current reporting period	(9,801)	(9,609)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Restricted Assets during the Current Reporting Period	(2,544)	(6,302)



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
(a) Employee Benefits & On-Costs			
Salaries and Wages		50,103	48,283
Employee Termination Costs		570	478
Travelling		18	25
Employee Leave Entitlements (ELE)		6,022	4,917
Superannuation		5,500	5,309
Workers' Compensation Insurance		554	33
Fringe Benefit Tax (FBT)		422	417
Training Costs (other than Salaries & Wages)		698	860
Recruitment Costs		81	92
Other		473	607
Total Employee Costs		64,441	61,021
Less: Capitalised Costs		(2,075)	(2,032)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE COSTS EXPENSED		62,366	58,989
Number of "Full Time Equivalent" Employees at year end		589	589
Number of "Full Time Equivalent" Employees for the reporting period		657	635
(b) Borrowing Costs			
Charges on Finance Leases		29	75
Amortisation of Discounts and Premiums			
- Remediation Liabilities		922	870
Less: Capitalised Costs			2.
TOTAL BORROWING COSTS EXPENSED		951	945



### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

	Actu	al Actua
\$ '000	Notes 201	5 2014
(c) Materials & Contracts		
Raw Materials & Consumables	12,54	9,70
Contractor & Consultancy Costs		
- Bush Regeneration	95	58 919
- Cleaning	1,20	940
- Consultancy	12	23 96
- External Roadwork	75	55 42
- Garbage	5,33	38 5,056
<ul> <li>Kimbriki Waste &amp; Recycling Centre</li> </ul>	10,44	10,50 <sup>.</sup>
- Recycling	3,70	3,590
- Waste Disposal	7,58	39 5,183
- Other	12,32	24 13,223
Remuneration of Auditors (1)		
- Audit Services	1	79 71
- Other Services		2
Legal Fees:		
- Planning & Development	48	38 314
- Other	89	92 96
Operating Leases:		
- Printers	20	05 16
Less: Capitalised Costs	(6	3)
TOTAL MATERIALS & CONTRACTS	56,59	4 51,16

(1) During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Council's auditors - Hill Rogers Spencer Steer

Total remuneration of Council's auditors - Hill Rogers Spencer Steer	81	79
Total remuneration for other services	2	-
- Other	2	
(ii) Other services		
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	79	79
Audit and review of financial statements	79	79
(i) Audit and other assurance services		



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

		Depreciation/Am	ortisation	Impairmen	t Costs
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$ "000	Notes	2015	2014	2015	2014
(d) Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment					
Plant and Equipment		1,701	1,720	8	-
Office Equipment		1,246	1,129		-
Furniture & Fittings		40	55	-	
Property, Plant & Equipment - Leased		8	240	-	4
Land Improvements (depreciable)		38.2	89	-	-
Buildings - Non Specialised		2,855	2,698	-	
Buildings - Specialised		601	82	-	
Other Structures		448	393	5	,
Infrastructure:					
- Roads		3,405	3,355	-	
- Bridges		33	33	5	-
- Footpaths		377	365	-	
- Stormwater Drainage		3,805	3,577	÷	
- Swimming Pools		41	195	Ξ.	
- Open Space		325	380	-	,
Other Assets					
- Library Books		524	524	ŝ	÷
Tip Asset		244	244		
Less: Capitalised Costs			4		
TOTAL DEPRECIATION & TOTAL IMPAIRMENT		15,653	15,079	÷	



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (continued)

	Actu	al Ac	tual
\$ '000	Notes 201	5 2	2014
(e) Other Expenses			
Other Expenses for the year include the following:			
Fair Value Adjustments - Investment Properties		ιώ;	100
Advertising	57	7	584
Bad & Doubtful Debts	2	23	1
Carbon Tax Expense		-	72
Mayoral Fee	6	31	59
Councillors' Fees	22	28	22
Councillors' (incl. Mayor) Expenses - Other (excluding fees above)	11	2	13
Contributions to Other Levels of Government			
- Planning Levy	29	ю	27
- Waste Levy	8,27	8 6	,74
- Emergency Services Levy	2,85	2 2	,66
- Other Levies		÷.	38
Contributions & Donations (Section 356)	27	8	19
Data Services	31	6	28
Electricity & Heating	2,75	6 2	,82
Insurance	1,42	28	75
Interest on Bonds & Deposits		6	:
Land Tax	26	35	28
SHOROC Contributions	٤	30	13
Street Lighting	1,46	35 1	,60
Telephone & Communications	46	52	47
Valuation Fees	22	27	22
Other	7'	18	14
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	20,42	22 18	,84



### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 5 GAINS OR LOSSES FROM THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

	Actu	lal	Actual
\$ '000	Notes 20	15	2014
Property (excl. Investment Property)			
Proceeds from Disposal			845
less: Carrying Amount of Property Assets Sold			
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal		•	845
Plant & Equipment			
Proceeds from Disposal	1,4	27	1,354
less: Carrying Amount of P&E Assets Sold	(1,03	38)	(944
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	3	89	410
Infrastructure			
Proceeds from Disposal		5	
less: Carrying Amount of Infrastructure Assets Sold	(19	99)	
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	(19	99)	
Capital Work in Progress			
Proceeds from Disposal		2	
less: Carrying Amount of Infrastructure Assets Sold	(29	<del>)</del> 4)	
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	(24	94)	·
Financial Assets			
Proceeds from Disposal	127,4	95	117,843
less: Carrying Amount of Financial Assets Sold	(127,49	95)	(117,843)
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal			
Non Current Assets Classified as "Held for Sale"			
Proceeds from Disposal	2,0	00	,
less: Carrying Amount of "Held for Sale" Assets Sold	(11	19)	
Net Gain/(Loss) on Disposal	1,8	81	
NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS	1,7	77	1,25



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 6(a) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		-	015 :tual		14 Wal
\$ '000	Notes	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
Cash on Hand and at Bank		5,988		7,265	
Deposits at Call				÷	
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents		5,988		7,265	
NOTE 6(b) INVESTMENTS					
Financial Assets at fair value through					
Profit and Loss - Held for Trading			1,158	-	1,283
Held to Maturity Investments		77,382	-	72,805	2,000
Total		77,382	1,158	72,805	3,283
Financial Assets at fair value through					
Profit and Loss - Held for Trading					
At beginning of year		-	1,283	992	1,287
Revaluation to Income Statement		-	23	8	173
Additions		÷	÷		3
Disposals		-	(148)	(1,000)	(177)
Transfers between Current/Non Current		¥			
At end of year		÷	1,158	j.	1,283
Comprising of:					
Mortgage Backed Securities			1,158		1,283
		¥.	1,158		1,283
Held to Maturity Investments					
At beginning of year		72,805	2,000	75,519	2,000
Amortisation of discounts and premiums		2	÷		
Additions		129,924	-	111,952	2,000
Disposals		(127,347)	-	(116,666)	
Transfers between Current/Non Current		2,000	(2,000)	2,000	(2,000)
At end of year		77,382		72,805	2,000
Comprising of:					
Term Deposits		77,382	-	72,805	2,000
FRNs			· · ·		
		77,382	1.	72,805	2,000

### Note:

Refer to Note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of investments held.

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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 6(c) RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS

		2015	5	2014	
. 4		Actu	al	Actual	1
\$ '000	Notes	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments		83,370	1,158	80,070	3,283
External Restrictions (refer below)		26,991	1,158	27,455	3,283
Internal Restrictions (refer below)		9,136	-	8,945	
Unrestricted		47,243	-	43,670	-
		83,370	1,158	80,070	3,283
2015		Opening	Transfers to	Transfers from	Closing
\$ '000		Balance	Restrictions	Restrictions	Balance
External Restrictions - Included in Liabilities					
Nil					
External Restrictions - Other					
Developer Contributions - General (A)		24,347	6,900	(9,362)	21,885
Specific Purpose Unexpended Grants (B)		440	357	(440)	357
Domestic Waste Management (C)		5,951	548	(592)	5,907
External Restrictions - Other		30,738	7,805	(10,394)	28,149
Total External Restrictions		30,738	7,805	(10,394)	28.149

A Development contributions which are not yet expended for the provision of services and amenities in accordance with contribution plans (refer Note 17).

B Grants which are not yet expended for the purposes for which the grants were obtained (refer Note 1).

C Domestic Waste Management (DWM) are externally restricted assets and must be applied for the purposes for which they were raised.

2015	Opening	Transfers to	Transfers from	Closing
\$ '000	Balance	Restrictions	Restrictions	Balance
Internal Restrictions				
Compulsory Open Space Acquisition	1,020		(1,020)	-
Deposits, Retentions & Bonds	4,451	849	-	5,300
Employees Leave Entitlement	2,578	66		2,644
Insurance	630	296		926
Long Reef SLSC Renewal	171			171
Road Reserve	95	¥		95
Total Internal Restrictions	8,945	1,211	(1,020)	9,136
TOTAL RESTRICTIONS	39,683	9,016	(11,414)	37,285



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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 7 RECEIVABLES

	2	015	2	014
\$ '000	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
Purpose				
Rates & Annual Charges	2,257	349	2,111	326
Interest & Extra Charges	212	216	252	193
User Charges & Fees	5,038	-	3,323	9
Accrued Revenues				
- Interest on Investments	1,011	÷	1,179	3
Government Grants & Subsidies	86	-	72	7
Net GST Receivable	907	÷	718	š
Total	9,511	565	7,655	519
less: Provision for Impairment				
Rates & Annual Charges				8
User Charges & Fees	(160)		(107)	
Total Provision for Impairment - Receivables	(160)	▶ 🗑	(107)	di secondo de la constante de la const
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	9,351	565	7,548	519
Externally Restricted Receivables				
Domestic Waste Management	576	106	537	90
Other	(¥)	2	2	
Total External Restrictions	576	106	537	9
Internally Restricted Receivables				
Nil				
Unrestricted Receivables	8,775	459	7,011	42
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	9,351	565	7,548	519



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### **NOTE 8 INVENTORIES & OTHER ASSETS**

	20	015	20	14
\$ '000	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
Inventories				
Stores & Materials	54		55	
Trading Stock	28		23	
Waste Cell Lining	807	¥		
Total Inventories	889		78	
Inventories not expected to be realised within the next 12 months	472			
Other Assets				
Prepayments	979	· · · ·	1,253	»
	070		1,253	
Total Other Assets	979		1,200	

Note:

Refer to Note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of other assets held.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

## NOTE 9(a) INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

		At 30	At 30/6/2014			Asset Moven	nents during the	Asset Movements during the Reporting Period			At 30	At 30/6/2015	
000. \$	Cost	At Fair Value	Accum Depn & Impairment	Carrying value	Additions	WDV of Disposals	Depn and Impairment	Adjustments & Transfers	Revaluation Increments/ (decrements)	Cost	At Fair Value	Accum Depn & Impairment	Carrying value
Capital Work in Progress	6,997	1.00		6,997	6,652	(294)	÷	(4,673)		8,682			8,682
Plant & Equipment	3983	10,667	5,452	5,216	2,569	(1,038)	(1,701)	(137)	98		9,730	4,821	4,909
Office Equipment	ंग	13,780	10,352	3,428	400	4	(1,246)	88	24	9	9,426	6,755	2,671
Furniture & Fittings	а. С	2,368	2,103	265	19	9	(40)	Ň	( <b>9</b>	ġ	2,345	2,101	244
Plant & Equipment (under Finance Lease)		55	43	12	•	а	(8)	it.	4	å	12	αQ	4
Land:													
- Operational Land	э	143,464	3	143,464	2,000	3	ă,	(667)	3	Ĩ	144,797	3	144,797
- Community Land	,	1,431,478	æ	1,431,478	2,762	х	à	(23)	æ	â	1,434,167	×	1,434,167
- Land Under Roads	э	1,948	3	1,948	20	3	<u>(</u>	128		X	2,096	3	2,096
Land Improvements - depreciable		28,530	1,345	27,185	•	x	,	(27,185)	X	Ĵ.		8	*
Buildings - Non Specialised	з	174,082	41,993	132,089	3,150	(199)	(2,855)	(5,568)	22,494	ż	171,114	22,003	149,111
Buildings - Specialised	×	11,404	1,626	9,778	959	ж	(601)	36,367	6,694	÷	60,820	7,623	53,197
Other Structures	*	47,073	5,713	41,360	4,317	•	(448)	2,323	10,247	1. N.	59,175	1,376	57,799
Infrastructure:													
- Roads		370,672	64,648	306,026	4,106	ĸ	(3,405)	288	90,706	1421	425,079	27,358	397,721
- Bridges		5,396	1,013	4,383	÷		(33)		2,443		7,071	278	6,793
- Footpaths		42,356	8,094	34,262	1,602	E.	(377)	30	4,050		44,943	5,376	39,567
- Stormwater Drainage		340,752	105,286	235,466	3,061	¢	(3,805)	604	204,916	ы¥;	508,821	68,579	440,242
- Swimming Pools	*	28,096	9,968	18,128	694	6)	(41)	(12,162)	4,792		11,808	397	11,411
- Other Open Space/Recreational Assets	ĸ	37,595	6,073	31,522	5,959	(IC	(325)	10,692	1,704		53,090	3,538	49,552
Other Assets:													
- Library Books	0	8,560	6,982	1,578	485		(524)	3	(. <b>*</b>		9,045	7,506	1,539
- Other	K	.E	()#()	(#.)	( <b>8</b> 1)	( <b>*</b> )	.н.,		ŝ.	ă,	())) ())	<u> </u>	
- Tip Asset	.*	11,629	1,399	10,230			(244)	*	*		11.629	1,643	9,986
TOTAL	6,997	2,709,905	272,088	2,444,815	38,755	(1,531)	(15,653)	56	348,046	8,682	2,965,168	159,362	2,814,488
Association uses associated between			New Acrote		18 270								
Asset acquisitions were apportioned between			ALDECT WORLD										
			Renewals		20,483								

Refer to Note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of I,P,P & E.

Note:

38,755

Total Additions

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 9(b) RESTRICTED INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

		A	Actual				Actual	
\$ "000		5	2015				2014	
	At	¥	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying	¥	At	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrving
Class of Asset	Cost	Fair Value	Cost Fair Value & Impairment	Value	Cost	Fair Value	& Impairment Value	Value
								2
Domestic Waste Management								
- 35.5% of 7 Kimbriki Rd Ingleside		1,150	97	1,053	ų.	852		852
Total DWM		1,150	97	1,053		852		852
Other Restricted Assets								
- 64.5% of 7 Kimbriki Rd Ingleside								

6,052	716	6,768	7,620
	•		
6,052	716	6,768	7,620
		19	
7,301	716	8,017	9,070
543		543	640
7,844	716	8,560	9,710
<ul> <li>- 64.5% of 7 Kimbriki Rd Ingleside</li> <li>- 100% of 8,8A &amp; 10 Kimbriki Rd Ingleside</li> </ul>	- Non-Cash S94 Contribution	Total Other Restrictions	TOTAL RESTRICTED I, PP&E

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### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 10(a) PAYABLES, BORROWINGS AND PROVISIONS

		Actual 2015			ctual
\$ '000	Notes	2 Current	Non Current	2 Current	014 — Non Curren
Payables	Notes	Current	Non Current	Guilent	Non Gurren
Goods & Services		2,359		1,895	
Accrued Expenses		2,000		1,000	
- Wages and Salaries		1,517		1,216	
- Other		6,520		6,328	
Payments Received In Advance		2,854		2,753	
Deposits & Retentions		5,300	-	4,451	
Other Payables		1,241	-	1.061	
Total Payables		19,791		17,704	_
Current Payables not expected to be settled within the next 12 months					
Deposits & Retentions		4.086		2,533	
		4,086		2,533	
Total		4,000		2,303	
Borrowings					
Loans - Secured <sup>(1)</sup>		÷	- E	-	
Finance Lease Liability		3	2	9	
Total Borrowings		3	2	9	
Provisions <sup>(2)</sup>					
Employee Benefits;					
Annual Leave		4,189		4,200	
Sick Leave		320	<	257	
Long Service Leave		8,288	1,059	7,835	96
Gratuities		35	.*	38	
Redundancies		191		172	
Sub Total - Aggregate Employee Benefits		13,023	1,059	12,502	96
Self Insurance - Workers Compensation		253	520	182	38
- Public Liability		118	808	34	59
- Other					
Asset Remediation	26		16,287	-	15,36
Carbon Tax		-	1,366	31	1,36
Total Provisions		13,394	20,040	12,749	18,67
Current Provisions not expected to be settled					
within the next 12 months		6.773		7,146	

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup>Loans are secured over the income of Council

<sup>(2)</sup>Vested ELE is all carried as a current provision



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 10(a) PAYABLES, BORROWINGS AND PROVISIONS (continued)

	Ac	tual	Ac	tual
	2	015	2	014
\$ '000	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Current
Liabilities relating to Restricted Assets				
Externally Restricted Assets				
Domestic Waste Management	774		1,366	
Total	774	(H).	1,366	-
Internally Restricted Assets				
Security Bonds, Deposits & Retentions	5,300	÷.	4,451	
Employee Leave Entitlements	2,432	212	2,385	193
Self Insurance	253	520	182	382
Total	7,985	732	7,018	575
Total Liabilities relating to restricted assets	8,759	732	8,384	575
Liabilities related to unrestricted assets	24,429	19,310	22,078	18,103
Total	33,188	20,042	30,462	18,678



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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 10(b) DESCRIPTION OF AND MOVEMENTS IN PROVISIONS

The movement in each class of provision (excluding those relating to employee benefits) is presented in the table below.

Class of Provision		Additional			
\$'000	Opening Balance	Provisions/ (write backs)	Payments	Remeasurement	Closing Balance
Self Insurance	1,194	854	(349)		1,699
Asset Remediation	15,365	922	1.0	÷.	16,287
Carbon Tax	1,396		(30)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,366
TOTAL	17,955	1,776	(379)		19,352

a. Self Insurance Provisions represent both (i) Claims incurred but not reported and (ii) Claims reported & estimated as a result of Council being a self insurer up to certain levels of excess. For public liability this limit is \$150,000 (\$600,000 prior to 1 July 2006) per claim/event and for professional indemnity \$50,000 per claim/event.

Specific uncertainties relating to the final costs and the assumptions made in determining Provisions for Self Insurance include: - Claims Escalation of between 1.321% and 3.500% per annum and Bond Yields of between 1.792% and 2.483% per annum

over a 12 year period;

- All monetary amounts for past Workers Compensation Claims were indexed to bring them to "standardised" values at June 2015;

- Workers Compensation Claim payments projected into the future by the adopted actuarial model will be in "standardised" values as at June 2015; and

- The outstanding estimates for Public Liability & Professional Indemnity claims include medical, legal and other claim related costs. The last actuarial assessment was undertaken in April 2015 and was performed by David A Zaman Pty Ltd, Director David Zaman,BSc, FIA, FIAA, MBA.

- b. Asset Remediation Provisions represent the Present Value estimate of future costs Council will incur in order to remove, restore and remediate assets and/or activities as a result of past operations. An Evaluation of Costs for Landfill Closure and Post Closure Management was prepared by GHD in June 2013. Refer Note 26 for further information regarding ReInstatement, Rehabilitation and Restoration Liabilities.
- c. The Carbon Tax Ilability is separate and distinct from the liability for remediation of the landfill site. The carbon tax repeal legislation received Royal Assent on 17 July 2014 and the bills as part of that package are law with effect from 1 July 2014. As at 30 June 2015, Council still had a present obligation to meet carbon tax liabilities.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 11 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH MOVEMENT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		Actual	Actua
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
(a) Reconciliation of Cash Assets			
Total Cash & Cash Equivalent Assets	6a	5,988	7,26
Balances as per Statement of Cash Flows		5,988	7,26
(b) Reconciliation of Net Operating Result to Cash provided from			
Operating Activities			
Net Operating Result from Income Statement		22,149	11,34
Add:			
Depreciation and Amortisation		15,653	15,07
Increase in Provision for Doubtful Debts		53	
Decrease in Other Current Assets		274	
Decrease in Inventories		-	1
Increase in Payables		150	2,50
Increase in Provision for Leave Entitlements		614	
Increase in Other Provisions		475	13
Increase in Other Current Liabilities		1,431	1,42
Unwinding of Discount Rates on Reinstatement Provisions		922	87
Fair Value Adjustments to Investment Property		-	10
		41,721	31,47
Less:			
Increase in Receivables		(1,902)	(63)
Increase in Inventories		(811)	
Increase in Other Current Assets		-	(7:
Decrease in Provision for Leave Entitlements		-	(97
Non Cash Contributions	11c	(3,599)	
prior Period Error		-	(1,128
Gain on Disposal of Assets		(1,777)	(1,25
Fair Value Adjustments to Investment Property		(25)	
Fair Value Adjustments to Financial Assets through Profit and Loss		(23)	(181
NET CASH PROVIDED FROM/(USED IN)			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES from CASH FLOW STATEMENT		33,584	28,10



**ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### Note 11 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH MOVEMENT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
(c) Non-Cash Investing & Financing Activities			
Non Cash Contributions - Land		3,599	
		3,599	
(d) Financing Arrangements			
Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following:			
Bank Overdraft Facilities <sup>(1)</sup>		500	500
Corporate Credit Cards		150	150
Bank Guarantee for possible Workers Compensation Claims		750	1,500
		1,400	2,150

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup>The Bank overdraft facility may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice. Interest rates on Overdrafts and Loans are disclosed in Note 15.

### (e) Bank guarantees/ Loan guarantees

Under the Workers Compensation Act 1987, self insurers are required to provide financial security to ensure that other employers in the State will not be required to meet the cost of claims if these entities are not able to meet their workers compensation liabilities. As a self insurer Council has provided WorkCover with a bank guarantee for \$750,000 (2014 \$1.5m) to meet this requirement.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

		Actual	Actua
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
(a) Capital Commitments (exclusive of GST)			
Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not			
recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:			
- Land & Buildings		17,964	1,73
- Other Structures		620	15
- Infrastructure		908	3,116
Total		19,493	5,008
Description of Commitments			
Contractual commitments for capital works currently being undertaken			
(b) Finance Lease Commitments			
Commitments under Finance Leases at the Reporting Date are payable as follows:			
- Not later than one year		3	9
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years		1	5
- Later than 5 years			
Total		4	1
Minimum Lease Payments		4	1
less: Future Finance Charges			(1
Lease Liability		4	1:
Representing lease liabilities			
- Current Liabilities		3	ç
- Non-Current Liabilities		1	
Total		4	1:
Description of Leases			
Information Technology Equipment Leases due to expire 2017			
(c) Non-cancellable Operating Lease Commitments			
- Not later than one year		232	18
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years		383	393
- Later than 5 years			
Total		615	574
Description of Leases			
Information Technology Equipment Leases due to expire 2018			
(d) Repairs and Maintenance: Investment Property			
Contractual Obligations for future repairs and maintenance		-	

Total

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### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 13 STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES - CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

	Amounts	Indicator		
\$ '000	2015	2015	2014	2013
1. Operating Performance				
Total continuing operating revenue <sup>1</sup> excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses	5,963	3.68%	3.59%	4.46%
Operating Revenue <sup>1</sup> excluding Capital Grants and Contributions	161,949			
2. Own Source Operating Revenue				
Total continuing operating revenue <sup>1</sup> less all grants and contributions	153,037	86.80%	92.85%	92.32%
Total continuing operating revenue <sup>1</sup> inclusive of capital grants and contributions	176,310			
3. Unrestricted Current Ratio				
Current Assets less all External Restrictions	74,669	3.47x	3.57x	4.07x
Current Liabilities less Specific Purpose Liabilities	21,554	V11A	0.014	TINTA
4. Debt Service Cover Ratio				
Operating Results <sup>1</sup> before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation (EBTDA)	22,567	23.53x	17.76x	15.36x
Principal repayments (from the statement of cash flows) plus borrowing interest costs (from the income statement)	959			
5. Rates and Annual Charges Outstanding Percentage				
Rates and Annual Charges Outstanding	3,034	3.04%	2.98%	3.44%
Rates and Annual Charges Collectible	99,704			
6. Cash Expense Cover Ratio				
Current year's cash and cash equivalents + term deposits	12 83,370	7.15 months	7.55 months	7.94 months
Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	11,656			

### Note:

<sup>1</sup> Excludes fair value adjustments, reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain on sale of assets and net share of interests in joint ventures



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### **NOTE 14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
At Fair value			
Opening Balance at 1 July		1,800	1,900
Acquisitions		-	
Capitalised subsequent expenditure		-	
Classified as held for sale or disposals		2. <del></del> )	2
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment		25	(100
Transfer (to) from inventories and owner occupied property		-	
Closing Balance at 30 June		1,825	1,800
(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss for investment property			
Rental income		145	106
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment		25	(100
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income		(7)	(10
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income		(m)	
		163	(4

### (b) Contractual Obligations

Refer to Note 12 for disclosure of any contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

### (c) Leasing Arrangements

The investment properties are leased to tenants under long term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows.

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties not recognised in the financial statements are receivable as follows:

Within 1 year	143	86
Later than 1 year but less than 5 years	406	323
Later than 5 years		
Total Minimum Lease Payments Receivable	549	409

### Note:

Refer to Note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of investment properties held.



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### **Risk Management**

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (i) price risk, (ii) credit risk, (iii) liquidity risk and (iv) interest rate risk. Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's Finance Unit under policies approved by the Council.

Council held the following financial instruments at balance date:

\$'000	Carrying Value		Fair Value	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Financial Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,988	7,265	5,988	7,265
Receivables	9,916	8,067	9,916	8,067
Financial Assets at Fair value through profit or loss - Held for Trading	1,158	1,283	1,158	1,283
Held-to-Maturity Investments	77,382	74,805	77,382	74,805
Total Financial Assets	94,444	91,420	94,444	91,420
Financial Liabilities				
Payables	16,937	14,951	16,937	14,951
Borrowings	5	13	5	13
Total Financial Liabilities	16,941	14,964	16,941	14,964

### Note:

Refer to Note 27 for fair value information.

Cash and Cash Equivalents are not measured at Fair Value



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

\$ '000

### (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Financial Assets at Fair Value through the Profit and Loss Held-to-Maturity Investments

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash & investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. Council's Financial Unit manages its cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisors. Council has an Investment Policy which complies with the Local Government Act & Minister's Investment Order. The Policy is regularly reviewed by Council and an Investment Report provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The risks associated with the investments held are:

• Price risk – the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their Issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

• Credit risk - the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to Council.

Council manages these taks by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees. Council also seeks advice from its independent advisers before placing any cash and investments.

The impact on result for the year and equity of a reasonably possible movement in the price of investments held is shown below. The reasonably possible movement was determined based on historical movements and economic conditions in place at the reporting date.

\$'000	2015	2014
Impact of a 10% <sup>(1)</sup> movement in price of Investments		
- Equity	116	128
- Income Statement <sup>(2)</sup>	116	128
Impact of a 1% <sup>(1)</sup> movement in Interest Rates on Cash and Investments		
- Equity	845	834
- Income Statement <sup>(2)</sup>	845	834

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements. (Price movements calculated on investments subject to fair value adjustments. Interest rate movements calculated on cash, cash equivalents and FRNs.) Recent market volatility has seen larger market movements for certain types of investments.

(2) Maximum impact.



### **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (b) Receivables

Council's major receivables comprise Rates & Annual Charges and User Charges & Fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk - the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid. Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery policies.

Credit risk on Rates and Annual Charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue Rates & Annual Charges which further encourages payment.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk. The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council quarterly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on material non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Council's credit risk at reporting date was:

\$'000	2015	2014
Percentage of Rates and Annual Charges		
- Current	-	-
- Overdue	100%	100%
Analysis of overdue debts		
Less than 1 year	1,681	1,572
1 to 2 years	402	376
2 to 5 years	245	229
Greater than 5 years	277	259
	2,606	2,437
Percentage of Other Receivables		
- Current	80%	82%
- Overdue	20%	18%
Analysis of overdue debts		
0 - 30 days overdue	3,619	2,384
30 - 60 days overdue	729	418
60 - 90 days overdue	197	188
90 days + overdue	493	333
	5,038	3,323



### ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

### NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### \$ '000

### (c) Payables & Borrowings

Payables & Borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk - the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities can be drawn down in extenuating circumstances.

The contractual undiscounted cash outflows of Council's Payables & Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

	Due	Due		Total		
	Within	Between D	Due after	Contractual	Carrying	
\$'000	1 Year	1 and 5 Years	5 Years	Cash Flows	Values	
2015						
Payables	16,937	~	1.00	16,937	16,937	
Borrowings	3	2		5	5	
Total Financial Liabilities	16,939	2		16,941	16,941	
2014						
Payables	14,951	ž.		14,951	14,951	
Borrowings	9	4	( <b>*</b> )	13	13	
Total Financial Liabilities	14,960			14,964	14,964	

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate on a 4 year renewal basis. The Finance Unit regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's Borrowings at balance date:

	2015		2014	
	Weighted		Weighted	
	Average	Balance	Average	Balance
	Interest Rate	\$'000	Interest Rate	\$1000
Overdraft	9	÷.	1 <b>2</b> 0	
Bank Loans - Fixed	0.0%	-	0.0%	
- Variable <sup>(1)</sup>	0.0%	¥	0.0%	

<sup>(1)</sup> The interest rate risk applicable to Variable Rate Bank Loans is not considered significant.



# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 16 MATERIAL BUDGET VARIATIONS

Council's Original Financial Budget for 2014/15 was incorporated as part of its Community Strategic Plan and was adopted by the Council on 24 June 2014.

While the Income Statement included in these General Purpose Financial Statements must disclose the Original Budget adopted by Council, the Local Government Act requires Council to review its Financial Budget on a Quarterly Basis, so that it is able to manage the variations between actuals and budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

This Note sets out the details of MATERIAL VARIATIONS between Council's Original Budget and its Actual results for the year as per the Income Statement - even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each Quarterly Budget Review.

Material Variations represent those variances that amount to 10% or more of the original budgeted figure.

Note that for Variations: F = Favourable Budget Variation, U = Unfavourable Budget Variation

	2015	2015	2015 Variar	1Ce	
\$ '000	Budget	Actual			
REVENUES					
Rates & Annual Charges	96,520	96,578	58	0%	F
User Charges & Fees	39,386	42,004	2,618	7%	F
Interest & Investment Revenue	3,325	3,305	(20)	(1%)	U
Other Revenues	10,144	11,198	1,054	10%	F
This variance is in a range of areas including recycling income and sales for Kimbriki, property lease income, parking and other fines, theatre patronage and sales, legal fee recoveries and insurance rebates and improved waste performance payments.					
Operating Grants & Contributions	8,752	8,912	160	2%	F
Capital Grants & Contributions	3,143	14,361	11,218	357%	F
This variance is principally due to significantly higher s94 A developer contributions as well as contributions related to the transfer of land by Crown Lands at fair value.					
Net Gains on the Disposal of Assets	298	1,777	1,479	496%	F
This principally relates to they earlier than expected settlement the sale of part of the property at Sturdee and Pacific Parades, Dee Why.		5			
Share of Net Gain - Joint Ventures & Associates	1.52	(#L	1.50	1.0	
EXPENSES					
Employee Benefits & On-Costs	62,100	62,366	(266)	(0%)	U
Borrowing Costs This variance is principally due to the loan for the construction of the access road at Kimbriki not being required before the next financial year.	1,052	951	101	10%	F
Materials & Contracts	54,783	56,594	(1,811)	(3%)	U
Depreciation & Amortisation	15,721	15,653	68	0%	F
Other Expenses	20,636	20,422	214	1%	E
Share of Net Loss - Joint Ventures & Associates		(a)			



# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 17 STATEMENT OF DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS

# \$ '000

Council recovers contributions, raises levies & enters into planning agreements on development works that are subject to a development consent issued by Council.

All contributions must be spent/utilised for the specific purpose they were levied and any interest applicable to unspent funds must be attributed to remaining funds.

The following tables detail the receipt, interest and use of the above contributions & levies and the value of all remaining funds which are "restricted" in their future use.

# SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS & LEVIES

\$'000		Contrib received d Ye	luring the	•					Projections		
PURPOSE	Opening Balance	Cash	Non Cash	interest earned in Year	Exp during Year	internal Borrowing (to)/from	Held as Restricted Asset	Future	Exp still outstanding	Over or (under) Funding	Cumulative Internal Borrowings due/(payable)
Traffic Facilities	1,023	29	2	37	(292)	-	797	-	(797)	-	
Parking	6,294	1.00		199	(4,413)		2,080		(2,080)		
Open Space	12,289	201		437	(788)	3	12,152		(12,152)		-
Community Facilities	1,929	8	2	50	(97)	(279)	1,611		(1,611)		
S94 Contributions - under a Plan	21,545	238		723	(5,590)	(276)	16,640		(16,640)		-
S94A Levies - under a Plan	2,799	5,764		176	(3,773)	279	5,245	10,000	(15,245)		
Total S94 Revenue Under Plans	24,344	6,002	ų.	899	(9,363)	3	21,885	10,000	(31,885)		
S94 not under Plans	719	-				(3)	716	-	(716)		
Total Contributions	25,063	6,002		899	(9,363)		22,601	10,000	(32,601)		
Less: Land	(716)				-		(716)	-	716	-	
Total Cash Contributions	24,347	6,002	à	899	(9,363)	4	21,885	10,000	(31,885)	4	



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 17 STATEMENT OF DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)

# \$ '000

# **S94 CONTRIBUTIONS - UNDER A PLAN**

\$'000		Contrib received the Y	during								
PURPOSE	Opening Balance	Cash	Non Cash	inlerest earned in Year	Exp during Year	Internal Borrowing (to)/Irom	Held as Restricted Asset	Future	Projections Exp still outstanding	Over or (under) Funding	Cumulative Internal Borrowings due/(payable)
Traffic Facilities	1,023	29	-	37	(292)	-	797	-	(797)	-	
Parking	6,294	-	-	199	(4,413)	-	2,080	-	(2,080)	-	
Open Space	12,299	201	-	437	(788)	3	12,152	-	(12,152)	-	
Community Facilities	1,929	8		50	(97)	(279)	1,611	-	(1,611)	349	3
Total	21,545	238		723	(5,590)	(276)	16,640		(16,640)	1.50	

# **S94A LEVIES - UNDER A PLAN**

# CONTRIBUTION PLAN

\$'000		Contrib received the Y	during						Projections		
PURPOSE	Opening Balance	Cash	Non. Cesh	Interest earned in Year	Exp during Year	Internal Borrowing (to)/from	Held as Restricted Asset	Future income	Exp still outstanding	Over or (under) Funding	Cumulative Internal Borrowings duc/(payable)
Other	2,799	5,763		176	(3,772)	279	5,245	10,000	(15,245)	-	
Total	2,799	5,763		176	(3,772)	279	5,245	10,000	(15,245)	156	

# **S94 LEVIES - NOT UNDER A PLAN**

\$'000		Contrib received the Y	during						Projections		
PURPOSE	Opening Balance	Cash	Non Cash	interest carned in Year	Exp during Year	Internal Borrowing (to)/from	Held as Restricted Asset	Future	Exp still outstanding	Over or (under) Funding	Cumulative Internal Borrowings due/(payable)
Other	3					(3)		-	-	120 A	
Land	716						716		(716)		
Total	719	1	100	1	-	(3)	716	*	(716)		



# ATTACHMENT 1 2015 Draft Annual Financial Statements ITEM NO. 6.1 - 4 AUGUST 2015

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Balance Sheet, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's Financial Statements.

# CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

# 1. Guarantees

(i) Defined Benefit Superannuation Contribution Plans

Council participates in an employer sponsored Defined Benefit Superannuation Scheme, and makes contributions as determined by the Superannuation Scheme's Trustees. Member Councils bear responsibility of ensuring there are sufficient funds available to pay out the required benefits as they fall due. The Scheme's most recent full actuarial review indicated that the Net Assets of the Scheme were not sufficient to meet the accrued benefits of the Scheme's Defined Benefit member category with member Councils required to make significantly higher contributions in future years. The Local Government Superannuation Scheme however is unable to provide Council with an accurate estimate of its share of the net deficit and accordingly Council has not recorded any net liability from it's Defined Benefit Scheme obligations in accordance with AASB 119 Employee Benefits. Further contributions made to the defined benefit scheme to rectify the net deficit position will be recognised as an expense when they become payable. The defined benefit element of the scheme is now closed to new members.

#### (ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to Local Government. Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the Net Assets or Liabilities reflects Councils contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the Fund Years. The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30 June this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

#### (iii) WorkCover

Council provides bank guarantees to the value of \$750,000 to secure its self-insurance license for Workers Compensation. The guarantee is provided to WorkCover NSW.

#### (iv) Other Guarantees

Council has provided no other Guarantees other than those listed above.

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# 2. Other Llabliitles

(i) Third Party Claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services. Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance Coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

# (ii) S94 and S94A Plans

Council has significant obligations to provide Section 94 and Section 94A infrastructure. It is possible that funds contributed may be less than the cost of this infrastructure requiring Council to borrow or use general revenue to fund the difference. (Refer Note 17).

#### (iii) Legal Expenses

Council is ordinarily the planning consent authority for its area under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. Pursuant to that Act, certain persons dissatisfied by a planning decision of the Council may appeal to the Land & Environment Court. It is the Court's normal practice in Class 1 proceedings that parties bear their own legal costs. In class 4 (or judicial review) proceedings, costs usually follow the event.

At the date of these reports, Council had notice of one (1) appeals against planning decisions made prior to reporting date. All known costs have been recognised, but the amount of further costs cannot be known until the appeals are determined.

Council is involved in other litigation (including other Land and Environment Court proceedings, civil liability proceedings and Local Court prosecutions). Whilst these matters are unlikely to cost Council in excess of \$100,000 individually (subject to the comments below), the amount of further costs cannot be known until these proceedings are concluded.

# (Iv) Potential Land Acquisitions due to Planning Restrictions imposed by Council

Council has classified a number of privately owned land parcels as Local Open Space or Bushland. As a result, where notified in writing by the various owners, Council will be required to purchase these land parcels. At reporting date, reliable estimates as to the value of any potential liability (and subsequent land asset) from such potential acquisitions has not been possible.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

# CONTINGENT ASSETS

# (i) Land Under Roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account Land Under Roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30 June 2008.

# (ii) Infringement Notices/Fines

Fines and Penalty Income, the result of Council issuing Infringement Notices is followed up and collected by the Infringement Processing Bureau. Councils Revenue Recognition policy for such income is to account for it as revenue on receipt. Accordingly, at Year End, there is a potential asset due to Council not recognising issued but unpaid Infringement Notices.

Due to the limited information available on the status, value and duration of outstanding Notices, Council is unable to determine the value of outstanding income.

# (iii) Building Commencements

There were no current construction certificates on hand awaiting collection.

There is still building activity that may have commenced without proper approval and payment of appropriate fees. However, the number has dropped significantly due to ongoing investigations and monthly audits that were implemented to monitor the possibility of further unlawful works.



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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 19 INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

#### Interests in subsidiaries

#### (a) Composition of the Group

Subsidiaries	Principal place of business	Percentage Owned % 2015	Percentage Owned % 2014
Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises Pty Limited	Kimbriki Road, Ingleside, NSW	51%	51%

The percentage ownership interest held is equivalent to the percentage voting rights.

# Controlled entities with ownership interest of 50% or less

Council does not have any subsidiaries with an ownership interest of less than 50%.

#### (b) Significant restrictions relating to subsidiaries

Council is the majority shareholder in Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises Pty Limited (Company). The Company commenced operating its waste and recycling business on 1 July 2009 with a lease over the Council owned site for a period of 25 years. The three minority shareholders in the Company are Manly, Mosman and Pittwater Councils.

The Shareholder Agreement requires that a Super Majority Consent of Shareholders (majority shareholder plus one other shareholder) is required for the following decisions:

- any decision of the company to require the Councils to subscribe for further Shares to fund the continuing operation of the Company.
- · any decision of the shareholders in relation to any of the following matters:
  - o any lease of the Kimbriki Facility from Warringah;
- o any call offer in favour of Warringah to purchase the Kimbriki Residential Properties (assuming the Company acquires them); and o any Collection Contract between the Company and Warringah Council.

Further, an Extraordinary Majority Consent of Shareholders (majority shareholder plus two other shareholders) is required for any decision relating to:

- · Constitution amendment: any amendment to the constitution documents of the Company;
- · Liquidation: the liquidation of winding up of the Company;
- Capital reorganisation: any reorganisation, reclassification, reconstruction, consolidation or subdivision of the capital of the Company, including any buyback or redemption of Shares, or the creation of any different class of marketable securities in the capital of, the Company;
- Significant investments: any agreement by the Company to purchase any asset, make any investment or otherwise commit to a
  project with a value in a single case, or any number of cases with the same vendor or other contracting party (or person associated
  with them) in any year with an aggregate value, exceeding \$2,500,000;
- · Bonus Issue: the issue of any bonus shares in the capital of the Company; and
- Share offers: any issue of marketable securities in the capital of the Company, except where this agreement expressly permits otherwise.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 19 INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

# (c) Subsidiaries with material Non-Controlling Interests (NCI)

	Kimbriki Enviro Enterpri <del>ses</del> Pty	
	2015	2014
% Ownership held by NCI	49%	49%
	\$*000	\$'000
Profit/(Loss) allocated to NCI	1,952	984
Accumulated NCI of subsidiary	9,608	8,050
Dividends paid to NCI	394	452
Summarised statement of financial position		
Current assets	22,133	17,92
Non-current assets	7,265	6,18
Current liabilities	5,307	4,27
Non-current liabilities	4,480	3,40
Net assets	19,611	16,43
Summarised statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income		
Revenue	31,990	27,82
Profit/(Loss)	3,983	2,00
Total Comprehensive Income	3,983	2,00
Summarised statement of cash flows		
Cash flows from operating activities	5,573	4,49
Cash flows from Investing activities	(1,831)	(1,870
Cash flows from financing activities	(804)	(922
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,938	1,70

# (d) Consequences of changes in a Council's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control

# Disposal of ownership interest

Council did not dispose of any ownership interest in a subsidiary during the year,

# Acquisition of ownership interest

Council did not acquire additional ownership interest in a subsidiary during the year.

# Interests in Joint Arrangements

Council was not involved in any joint arrangements during the year.

# Interests in Associates

Council does not have any interests in associates.

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 20 RETAINED EARNINGS AND REVALUATION RESERVES

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014
(a) Retained Earnings			
Movements in Retained Earnings were as follows:			
Balance at beginning of Year		2,348,784	2,339,980
Adjustment to correct Prior Period Errors	20d	÷.	(575
Adjustment for Changes in Accounting Policies	20e	~	(977
Transfer from Revaluation Reserve		165	3
Net Operating Result for the Year		20,197	10,356
Balance at end of Year		2,369,146	2,348,784
(b) Reserves			
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment Revaluation Reserve		492,193	144,312
Total		492,193	144,312
Movements			
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment Revaluation Reserve			
Balance at beginning of Year		144,312	144,312
Adjustment to correct Prior Period Errors	20d	-	
Transfer to Retained Earnings on Disposals		(165)	
Revaluations for the year	9a	348,046	
Balance at end of Year		492,193	144,312
(c) Nature and Purpose of Reserves			
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment Revaluation Reserve			
The Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment Revaluation Reserve is used to			
record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets.			
(d) Correction of Errors in Previous Periods			
Land Tax applicable to the operation of the Waste Landfill at Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises		-	575
(e) Changes in Accounting Policies			

Warringah and Pittwater Councils share a Direct Service Agreement with the NSW Rural Fire Service. This arrangement was previously treated as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Upon the first time application of accounting standards AASB 10 and AASB 11, Council reassessed this accounting policy and determined that it did not control, or share joint control, the activities of the service. Accordingly, each Council will separately account for its own expenses in respect to the services provided by the NSW Rural Fire Service.

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 21 RESULTS BY FUND

Council does not have any Water or Sewer Funds,

# NOTE 22 NON CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	2015	2014
Land	7,776	7,952
Buildings	373	373
Total Non-Current Assets Held for Sale	8,149	8,32

Council has a number of properties which it has made a decision to dispose of. The properties are currently available for sale and are in the process of being actively marketed.



# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 23 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events that occur after the reporting date of 30 June 2015, up to and including the date when the financial report is "authorised for issue" have been taken into account in preparing this financial report.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Auditors' Report as the appropriate "authorised for issue" date relating to this General Purpose Financial Statements.

Accordingly, the "authorised for Issue" date Is 05 August 2015.

Events that occur after the Reporting Date represent one of two types:

(i) Events that have provided evidence of conditions that existed at the Reporting Date

These financial reports (and the figures therein) incorporate all "adjusting events" that provided evidence of conditions that existed at 30 June 2015.

# (ii) Events that have provided evidence of conditions that arose after the Reporting Date

These financial reports (and figures therein) do not incorporate any "non adjusting events" that have occurred after 30 June 2015 and which are indicative of conditions that arose after 30 June 2015.

Council is unaware of any other material or significant "non adjusting events" that should be disclosed.

# **NOTE 24 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

Council has not classified any of its Operations as "Discontinued".

# **NOTE 25 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

		Actual	Actual	
\$ '000	Notes	2015	2014	
At Cost		3,403	2,595	
Accumulated Amortisation & Impairment		í <b>e</b>		
Net Book Amount		3,403	2,595	
Movements for the year				
Opening Net Book Amount		2,595	1,991	
Additions - internal development		808	604	
Amortisation Charge				
Closing Net Book Amount (1)		3,403	2,595	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup>Development costs relating to gaining planning approvals for the right to build an alternate/advanced waste facility on the Kimbriki site.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 26 REINSTATEMENT, REHABILITATION & RESTORATION LIABILITIES

# ASSET REMEDIATION

Council is required by law to restore the present tip site at Kimbriki to passive open space at the end of its useful life. The projected cost of this restoration is \$191 million based on a Landfill Closure and Post Closure Management Evaluation of Costs Report and has been discounted to its present value at 6% per annum being the risk-free cost of borrowing to Council.

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Note 2015	2014
At beginning of year	15,365	14,495
Amounts capitalised to Tip asset		
Amortisation of discount - expensed to borrowing costs	922	870
At end of year	16,287	15,365

# Amount of Expected Reimbursements

Of the above Provisions for Reinstatement, Rehabilitation and Restoration works, those applicable to Garbage Services & Waste Management are able to be funded through future charges incorporated within Council's Annual Domestic Waste Management Charge.

#### Provisions for close down and restoration and for environmental clean up costs - Tips

#### Restoration

Close down and restoration costs include the dismantling and demolition of Infrastructure and the removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas. Estimated close down and restoration costs are provided for in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs, whether this occurs during the development or during the operation phase, based on the net present value of estimated future costs. Provisions for close down and restoration costs do not include any additional obligations which are expected to arise from future disturbance. The costs are estimated on the basis of a closure plan. The cost estimates are calculated annually during the life of the operation to reflect known developments, egupdated cost estimates and revisions to the estimated lives of operations, and are subject to formal review at regular intervals.

Close down and restoration costs are a normal consequence of tip operations, and the majority of close down and restoration expenditure is incurred at the end of the life of the operations. Although the ultimate cost to be incurred is uncertain, Council estimates the respective costs based on feasibility and engineering studies using current restoration standards and techniques.

Other movements in the provisions for close down and restoration costs, including those resulting from new disturbance, updated cost estimates, changes to the estimated lives of operations and revisions to discount rates are capitalised within property, plant and equipment. These costs are then depreciated over the lives of the assets to which they relate.

#### Rehabilitation

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date and the cost is charged to the income statement.

Provision is made for the estimated present value of the costs of environmental clean up obligations outstanding at the reporting date. These costs are charged to the income statement. Movements in the environmental clean up provisions are presented as an operating cost, except for the unwinding of the discount which is shown as a borrowing cost. Remediation procedures generally commence soon after the time the damage, remediation process and estimated remediation costs become known, but may continue for many years depending on the nature of the disturbance and the remediation techniques.

As noted above, the ultimate cost of environmental remediation is uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques or experience at other locations. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in quarry reserves or production rates. As a result there could be significant adjustments to the provision for close down and restoration and environmental clean up, which would affect future financial results.



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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# **NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT**

The Council measures the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis.

- . Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment
- Investment property
- Financial assets .

During a reporting period Council will measure non-current assets classified as held for sale at fair value on a non-recurring basis if their carrying amount is higher than their fair value and therefore the assets needs to be written down to fair value. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. During the current reporting period, there were no assets measured at fair

value on a non-recurring basis. Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition.

Fair value hierarchy AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the
	measurement date.
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either
	directly or indirectly.
Level 3	Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

# The table below shows the assigned level for each asset and liability held at fair value by the Council

2015	Note	Level 2 Significant observable inputs \$'000	Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs \$'000	Total \$'000
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Investments				
<ul> <li>At fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	6		1,158	1,158
Investment Properties		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Commercial Office and Retail	14		1,825	1,825
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment	_			
Plant & Equipment	9	•	4,908	4,908
Office Equipment	9		2,671	2.671
Furniture & Fittings	9	-	244	244
Plant & Equipment Leased	9	-	4	4
Operational Land	9	-	144,798	144,798
Community Land	9		1,434,167	1,434,167
Land Under Roads	9		2,096	2,096
Buildings – Non Specialised	9	· · ·	149,111	149,111
Buildings – Specialised	9		53,197	53,197
Other Structures	9	-	57,799	57,799
Roads	9		397,721	397,721
Bridges	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,793	6,793
Footpaths	9		39,567	39,567
Drainage Infrastructure	9		440,242	440,242
Swimming Pools	9	18. J	11,411	11,411
Other Open Space/Recreational Assets	9		49,552	49,552
Library Books	9	•	1,539	1,539
Tip Remediation	9		9,966	9,986
Total		-	2,808,769	2,808,789



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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

#### Valuation Techniques

Level 3 Measurements

### Financial Assets

Investments - At fair value through profit or loss are represented by Ctass A notes in the Emerald Reverse Mortgage Series 2006-1. Council obtains valuations from its Investment Advisor on a monthly basis and at the end of each reporting period to ensure the financial statements reflect the most up-to-date valuation. The best evidence of fair value is the current price in an active market for similar assets. The market for Australian mortgage backed securities, regardless of the robustness of the structure, is highly illiquid as a direct consequence of the global financial crisis. This has caused difficulties in valuing the security as there is limited "price discovery" in the market. At this stage, opportunistic bids for this tranche would be expected in the mid-70c in the doltar area. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Investment Property

Council obtains independent valuations of its investment property on an annual basis and at the end of each reporting period to ensure the financial statements reflect the most up-to-date valuation. The best evidence of fair value is the current price in an active market for similar assets. The investment property valuation is included in level 3 of the hierarchy. The key unobservable input to the valuation is the price per square metre.

The fair value of the investment property is determined by an independent, qualified valuer on an annual basis who has experience in the location of the property. The Council reviews the valuation report and discusses significant movements with the valuer. As at 30 June 2015 the valuation of the investment property was performed by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd, Director Scott Fullarton, FAPI, Certified Practicing Valuer, Registered Valuer No. 2144. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

# Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings

Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. Examples of assets within these classes are as follows:

- Plant and Equipment Trucks, tractors, jet skis, ride-on mowers, street sweepers, earthmoving equipment, buses and motor vehicles
- Office Equipment Refrigerators, electronic whiteboards, flat-screen monitors and computer equipment.
- Furniture & Fittings
   Chairs, desks and display systems

The key unobservable inputs to the valuation are the remaining useful life and preserved value. Council reviews the value of these assets against quoted prices for the gross current replacement cost of similar assets and by taking account of the pattern of consumption, estimated remaining useful life and the residual value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Plant & Equipment Leased

Plant & Equipment Leased is valued at cost but is disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. The assets within this class are all printers and/or photocopiers.

The key unobservable input to the valuation is the interest rates. Council reviews the value of these assets against quoted prices for the gross current replacement cost of similar assets as well as the remaining term of the lease, present value of the minimum lease payment and interest rates. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

### **Operational Land**

This asset class comprises all of Council's land classified as Operational Land under the NSW Local Government Act 1993. The key unobservable input to the valuation is the price per square metre. The last valuation was undertaken at 30 June 2013 and was performed by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd, Director Scott Fullarton, FAPI, Certified Practicing Valuer, Registered Valuer No. 2144.

Generally, fair value is the most advantageous price reasonably obtainable by the seller and the most advantageous price reasonably obtained by the buyer. This is not necessarily the market selling price of the asset, rather, it is regarded as the maximum value that Council would rationally pay to acquire the asset if it did not hold it, taking into account quoted market price in an active and liquid market, the current market price of the same or similar asset, the cost of replacing the asset, if management intend to replace the asset, the remaining useful life and condition of the asset; and cash flows from the future use and disposal. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

# **Community Land**

Valuations of all Council's Community Land and Council managed land were based on either the land values provided by the Valuer-General or an average unit rate based on the land values for similar properties where the Valuer-General did not provide a land value having regard to the highest and best use for this land. As these rates were not considered to be observable market evidence they have been classified as Level 3. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Land Under Roads

Council has elected to recognise Land Under Roads where the road was acquired on or after 1 July 2008. 'Land under roads' have been valued using the square metres rates applicable for nearby or adjacent Community Land having regard to the highest and best use for this land. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

### Buildings - Non specialised and Specialised

Buildings were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each building by componentising the buildings into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. While all buildings were physically inspected inputs such as estimates of preserved value and pattern of consumption required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs.

### Other Structures

This asset class comprises boardwalks, boat ramps, viewing platforms, tennis shelters, floodlighting systems, skate facilities, irrigation systems, jetties, pedestrian bridges, water tanks, retaining walls and seawalls. Other Structures were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach. The cost approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by taking into account a range of factors. Inputs such as estimates of pattern of consumption, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. As such these assets were all classified as having been valued using Level 3 valuation inputs. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

# Roads

This asset class comprises the road carriageway, Bus Shelters, Car parks, Guardrails, Kerb and Gutter, Retaining walks, Suburb Markers and Traffic facilities. The road carriageway is defined as the trafficable portion of a road, between but not including the kerb and gutter. The 'Cost Approach' using Level 3 inputs was used to value the road carriageway and other road infrastructure. Road Assets were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach utilising the detailed pavement information residing in Council's Pavement Management System - "PARMMS® Road Manager" (PMS).

The cost approach was utilised with inputs such as estimates pattern of consumption, asset condition and useful life requiring extensive professional judgement which impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there some uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

# Bridges

Bridges were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each bridge by componentising the bridges into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. The components included the Bridge Deck/Superstructure, Bridge Abutments/Foundations and Bridge rails/handrails

Inputs such as estimates of the pattern of consumption required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Footpaths

Footpaths were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach. Footpaths were segmented to match the adjacent road segment and no further componentisation was undertaken. Footpaths were originally mapped and condition assessed using a combination of video condition assessment and physical inspection. Condition information is updated as changes in the network are observed through regular inspections. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Drainage Infrastructure**

Drainage infrastructure was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management in June 2015 using the cost approach. Assets within this class comprise pits, pipes, open channels, headwalls and various types of water quality devices. The cost approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. The Level of componentisation adopted by Council is in accordance with OLG Circular 09-09 and the Institute of Public Works Engineers Australia's International Infrastructure Management Manual (IIIMM). Inputs such as estimates of the pattern of consumption, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there is uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Swimming Pools

Assets within this class comprise the swimming pools at Council's aquatic centre and rock pools. The indoor pool at the aquatic centre was valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management as part of the Building Assets valuation in June 2015 using the cost approach, while the outdoor pools at the aquatic centre and rock pools were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management as part of the Other Structures Assets valuation in June 2015 using the cost approach. The 'Cost Approach' estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors.

Inputs such as estimates of the pattern of consumption, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement which impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Other Open Space/Recreational Assets

Assets within this class comprise tennis courts and fencing, synthetic turf surfaces, barbeques, pathways, stairs and paving, retaining walls and playground equipment which were valued by APV Valuers and Asset Management (APV) in June 2015 using the cost approach.

Inputs such as estimates of the pattern of consumption, asset condition and useful life required extensive professional judgement which impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### Library Books

Library Books are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items.

Council reviews the value of these assets against quoted prices for the gross current replacement cost of similar assets and by taking account of the pattern of consumption and the estimated remaining useful life. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

# **Tip Remediation**

The Kimbriki Resource Recovery Centre (RRC) is located off Mona Vale Road, at Terrey Hills, in northern Sydney. The RRC encompasses a landfilling operation as well as a wide range of waste disposal services, resource recovery services, recycled and reclaimed products, and waste management educational activities. It has been recognised that there will be significant costs associated with the closure and post closure management of the landfill site.

Closure of the landfill will involve a wide range of activities including preparation of a Landfill Closure and Management Plan, final capping of the landfill waste and site re-vegetation, installation of a final landfill gas management system, revision of the surface water management system and leachate management infrastructure to suit post-closure operation, decommissioning and removing infrastructure and equipment that will not be required post-closure, and fencing sensitive infrastructure.

An Evaluation of Costs for Landfill Closure and Post Closure Management was prepared by GHD in June 2013. The key unobservable inputs are the discount rate, cost escalation rate, actual timing of costs and future environmental management requirements. There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

#### **Reconciliation of Movements**

A reconciliation of the movements in recurring fair value measurements allocated to Level 3 of the hierarchy is provided below:

	2015
	\$'000
Balance at 1 July	2,440,901
Total gains or losses for the year	
Recognised in profit or loss - realised	1,967
Recognised in profit or loss – unrealised	23
Other movements	
Purchases	36,381
Sales	(3,575)
Depreciation	(15,653)
Revaluations	348,046
Reversal of Revaluation Reserve	(165)
Transfer from Non-Current Assets Held for Resale	56
Disposal Assets Held for Resale	119
Adjustments/Transfers	689
Transfers into Level 3	-
Transfers out of Level 3	
Balance as at 30 June	2,808,789

There are no transfers identified in the table above.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

# Unobservable Inputs and sensitivities

Asset / Liability category	Carrying amount (at fair value) \$'000	Key unobservable inputs*	Expected range of Inputs	Description of how changes in inputs will affect the fair value
Investments – At fair value through profit or loss	1,158	Unit Price	• \$0.70 to \$1.00	Significant changes in the estimated unit price would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Investment Property	1,825	Estimated rental Value (rate per square metre)     Rental Yield	<ul> <li>\$3,543 - \$5,063 (per square metre)</li> <li>7.0% - 9.2%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the estimated rental value or yield would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings	7,823	Gross Replacement Cost     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	<ul> <li>Varies significantly from asset to asset</li> <li>5 to 20 years</li> <li>0% to 40%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Plant & Equipment Leased	4	Gross Replacement Cost     Interest rates	<ul> <li>Varies significantly from asset to asset</li> <li>8% to 12%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the gross replacement value or interest rates would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Operational Land	144,798	Price per square metre	<ul> <li>\$100 - \$2,000 (per square metre)</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the price per square metre would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Community Land	1,434,167	<ul> <li>Unimproved Capital Value (price per square metre)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$4 - \$3,242 (per square metre)</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the price per square metre based on the unimproved capital value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Land Under Roads	2,096	Unimproved Capital Value (price per square metre)	<ul> <li>\$97 (per square metre)</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the price per square metre would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Buildings	202,308	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life	Varies significantly from asset to asset Very poor to excellent 2 - 100 years	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
		<ul> <li>Preserved value</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>0% to 80%</li> </ul>	
Other Structures	57,799	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition	Varies significantly from asset to asset     Very poor to excellent	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
		<ul> <li>Remaining useful life</li> <li>Preserved value</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2 - 100 years</li> <li>0% to 70%</li> </ul>	



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

Asset / Liability category	Carrying amount (at fair value) \$'000	Key unobservable inputs*	Expected range of inputs	Description of how changes in inputs will affect the fair value
Roads	397,721	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	<ul> <li>Varies significantly from asset to asset</li> <li>Poor to excellent</li> <li>2 - 100 years</li> <li>0% to 100%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Bridges	6,793	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	Varies significantly from asset to asset Poor to excellent 25 - 50 years 40%	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Footpaths	39,567	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	Varies significantly from asset to asset Poor to excellent 0 - 100 years 0% to 50%	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Drainage Infrastructure	<b>440,2</b> 42	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	<ul> <li>Varies significantly from asset to asset</li> <li>Very poor to excellent</li> <li>0 - 100 years</li> <li>0% to 100%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Swimming Pools	11,411	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	<ul> <li>Varies significantly from asset to asset</li> <li>Average to excellent</li> <li>10 - 40 years</li> <li>0% to 50%</li> </ul>	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Other Open Space/Recreation al Assets	49,552	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	Varies significantly from asset to asset     Poor to excellent     5 - 100 years     0% to 50%	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Library Books	1,539	Gross Replacement Cost     Asset Condition     Remaining useful life     Preserved value	Varies significantly from asset to asset Poor to excellent 5 to 15 years 0% to 10%	Significant changes in the gross replacement value, asset condition, pattern of consumption affecting the remaining useful life or preserved value would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.
Tip Remediation	9,986	<ul> <li>Discount Rate</li> <li>Cost escalation rate</li> </ul>	• 6% • 3%	Significant changes in the discount rate or cost escalation rate would result in significant changes to fair value measurement.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

# Transfers between levels of the hierarchy

The following assets/ liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis have been subject to a transfer between levels of the hierarchy.

Council's policy for determining when transfers into different levels of the hierarchy have occurred is at the end of the reporting period.

Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3

Asset/ Liability	\$'000
Nil	

Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2

Asset/ Liability	\$'000	
Nil		

# Highest and best use

All assets valued at fair value in this note are being used for their highest and best use.



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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ATTACHMENT 1 2015 Draft Annual Financial Statements ITEM NO. 6.1 - 4 AUGUST 2015

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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Income Statement of Other Business Activities	86
Balance Sheet of Other Business Activities	88
Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Reports	90
Auditor's Report	92

# BACKGROUND

The Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.

The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a "level playing field" between persons/entities competing in a market particularly between private and public sector competitors. Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, State or Local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.

For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities. These include (a) those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation and (b) those activities with a turnover of over \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a Business Activity (defined as Category 1 activities).

In preparing these financial reports for Council's self classified Category 1 businesses and ABS defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax equivalent regime payments & debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from councils borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

# STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT

made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- The NSW Government Policy Statement "Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government"
- Division of Local Government Guidelines "Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality"
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

# To the best of our knowledge and belief, these Reports:

- · Present fairly the Operating Result and Financial Position for each of Council's declared Business Activities for the year, and
- · Accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these reports false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 4 August 2015.

Michael Regan

COUNCILLOR

Rik Hart GENERAL MANAGER David Walsh RESPONSIBLE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# INCOME STATEMENT OF COUNCIL'S OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Children S	ervices	Kimbriki	
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	2015	2014	2015	2014
Income from continuing operations				
Access charges	6,219	5,267	27,598	23,755
User charges	( <b>=</b> )	3 <b>-</b> 2	5 <b>2</b> 7	
Fees	1	1.000	19 <b>4</b>	
Interest		9 <b>4</b> 3	406	508
Grants and contributions provided for non capital purposes	444	451	1,018	742
Profit from the sale of assets	-		1.00	28
Other income	16	11	2,968	2,795
Total Income from continuing operations	6,679	5,729	31,990	27,828
Expenses from continuing operations				
Employee benefits and on-costs	4,980	4,570	4,314	4,002
Borrowing costs		5 <b>1</b> 2	200	
Materials and contracts	1,298	953	10,445	9,785
Depreciation and impairment	58	54	458	429
Loss on sale of assets	172	-	295	
Calculated taxation equivalents	12	-	- (5)	,
Debt guarantee fee (if applicable)	·**.			,
Other expenses	71	87	12,495	11,603
Total expenses from continuing operations	6,407	5,664	28,007	25,819
Surplus (deficit) from Continuing Operations before capital amounts	272	65	3,983	2,009
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	-		811	
Surplus (deficit) from Continuing Operations after capital amounts	272	65	4,794	2,009
Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations				
Surplus (deficit) from ALL Operations before tax	272	65	4,794	2,009
less: Corporate Taxation Equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]	(82)	(20)	(1,195)	(603)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	190	45	3,599	1,406
plus Opening Retained Profits	4,580	3,104	16,432	16,473
plus/less: Prior Period Adjustments			-	(1,128
plus/less: Allocation Adjustments related to IPPE	594	1,411	•	
plus Adjustments for amounts unpaid:				
- Taxation equivalent payments		-		
- Debt guarantee fees	-		-	,
- Corporate taxation equivalent	82	20	1,195	603
add:				
- Subsidy Paid/Contribution To Operations	-	-	-	2
less:				
- TER dividend paid	2	2	2	
- Dividend paid	2	÷.	(804)	(923
Closing Retained Profits	5,446	4,580	20,422	16,431
Return on Capital %	5.8%	1.3%	103.1%	55.9%
Subsidy from Council				



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# INCOME STATEMENT OF COUNCIL'S OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Gien Street Theatre		Construction Certificate Certification		
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actua	
\$ '000	2015	2014	2015	201	
Income from continuing operations					
Access charges		( <b>•</b> )			
User charges	3#3;	(*)	310	29	
Fees	1,238	772	-		
Interest	9	1	-		
Grants and contributions provided for non capital purposes		5			
Profit from the sale of assets	2 <b>-</b> 2.	-	-		
Other Income	466	367	9 <b>2</b> .5		
Total income from continuing operations	1,713	1,145	310	29	
Expenses from continuing operations					
Employee benefits and on-costs	1,123	934	711	74	
Borrowing costs	-	-	-		
Materials and contracts	1,079	658	62	5	
Depreciation and impairment	105	103	-		
Loss on sale of assets	-	-	-		
Calculated taxation equivalents	-	-	-		
Debt guarantee fee (if applicable)		-	-		
Other expenses	91	110	2		
Total expenses from continuing operations	2,398	1,805	775	81	
Surplus (deficit) from Continuing Operations before capital amounts	(685)	(660)	(465)	(513	
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	(685)	(680)	-	1840	
Surplus (deficit) from Continuing Operations after capital amounts	(080)	(660)	(465)	(513	
Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations					
Surplus (deficit) from ALL Operations before tax	(685)	(660)	(465)	(513	
less: Corporate Taxation Equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]			-		
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	(685)	(660)	(465)	(513	
plus Opening Retained Profits	3,273	1,723			
plus/less: Prior Period Adjustments	-		:+.		
plus/less: Allocation Adjustments related to IPPE	701	1,550	-		
plus Adjustments for amounts unpaid:					
- Taxation equivalent payments			-		
- Debt guarantee fees		.=.	-		
- Corporate taxation equivalent					
add:					
- Subsidy Paid/Contribution To Operations	686	660	465	51	
less:					
- TER dividend paid					
- Dividend paid					
Closing Retained Profits	3,975	3,273	•		
Return on Capital %	(6.4)%	(6.7)%	-		
Subsidy from Council	686	660	465	51	



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# BALANCE SHEET OF COUNCIL'S OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

# AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

		Children Services Category 1		Kimbriki		
	Catego			Category 1		
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual		
000**	2015	2014	2015	2014		
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	4,403	2,042		
Investments	E	÷.	14,382	13,805		
Receivables	-	16 <b>2</b> 3	2,541	2,082		
Inventories	÷	-	807			
Other	-	2	200			
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	-					
Total Current Assets		1	22,133	17,929		
Non-Current Assets						
Investments	-	-	()#C	6		
Receivables	-		3 <b>4</b> 3			
Inventories		-		)		
infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	4,660	4,858	3,862	3,59		
investments accounted for using equity method	-	-	(m)			
Investment property	~	~	10 <b>0</b> 0			
Other		×	3,403	2,59		
Total Non-Current Assets	4,660	4,858	7,265	6,18		
TOTAL ASSETS	4,660	4,858	29,398	24,110		
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Payables	-	~	3,825	3,66		
Interest bearing liabilities	÷	-	-			
Provisions		-	671	60		
Total Current Liabilities			4,496	4,27		
Non-Current Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	3,114	2,04		
Interest bearing liabilities	•					
Provisions		*	1,366	1,36		
Other Liabilities	-	×				
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1.4	4,480	3,40		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-		8,976	7,68		
NET ASSETS	4,660	4,858	20,422	16,43		
NET ADDETO	4,000	1,000	20,722			
EQUITY						
Retained earnings	5,446	4,580	20,422	16,43		
Revaluation reserves	(786)	278	-			
	4,660	4,858	20,422	16,43		
Council equity interest	4,000	4,000	20,422	10,40		
Council equity interest Minority equity interest	4,000		20,422	10,40		



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# BALANCE SHEET OF COUNCIL'S OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

# AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

	Glen Stree	Gien Street Theatre Category 1		Construction Certificate Certification	
	Catego			ory 2	
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actua	
\$ '000	2015	2014	2015	2014	
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	113	40			
Investments		1 <b>7</b> .)			
Receivables			-		
Inventories	8	5			
Other		140			
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	024	120			
Total Current Assets	121	45			
Non-Current Assets					
Investments	he	5 <b>4</b> 0	÷.		
Receivables	200	123	140		
Inventories	2 <b>4</b>	100	5 <b>.</b> 7		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	10,679	9,788	14 I.		
Investments accounted for using equity method	5 <del>4</del> 6	(2)	<u>ن</u>		
Investment property		(#)	14 i		
Other	200				
Total Non-Current Assets	10,679	9,788			
TOTAL ASSETS	10,800	9,833			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Payables	1,033	1,112	-	1	
Interest bearing liabilities	12	24.0	2	3	
Provisions		140			
Total Current Liabilities	1,033	1,112	4	_	
Non-Current Liabilities					
Payables	5 <b>2</b> 0	5 <b>2</b> -1	) <u>)</u>	3	
Interest bearing liabilities	121	( <b>-</b> )	ъ	3	
Provisions	·••	141) 1411		1	
Other Liabilities					
Total Non-Current Liabilities	a	-			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,033	1,112			
NET ASSETS	9,767	8,721			
EQUITY					
Relained earnings	3,975	3,273	÷	,	
Revaluation reserves	5,792	5,448			
Council equity interest	9,767	8,721			
Minority equity interest		i.	÷.		
TOTAL EQUITY	9,767	8,721			



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

# NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Statements (SPFS) for National Competition Policy reporting purposes follows:

These financial statements are a SPFS prepared for use by the Council and Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a nonreporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Interpretation. The disclosures in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act and Regulation and the Local Government Act Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements\_are\_prepared\_on\_an accruals basis, they are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values, or except where specifically stated, current values of noncurrent assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

# National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' to its business activities as part of the national competition policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government. The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 Government Policy statement on the 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'. The 'Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality' issued by the Division of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing & costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard of disclosure requirements. These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents; Council subsidies; return on investments (rate of return); and dividends paid.

# **Declared Business Activities**

In accordance with *Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses - A Guide to Competitive Neutrality*, Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

# Category 1

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

Children's Services - Child Care and Long Day Care Kimbriki Environmental Enterprises Pty Limited - Domestic & Commercial Waste

Management Glen Street Theatre - Council's local

Theatre

# Category 2

(where gross operating turnover is less than \$2 million)

Construction Certificate Certification -Construction Certificate Certification activity of the Urban Development Approval Service (part of Council's Local Approval Service Unit)

#### Monetary Amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars.

### (i) Taxation Equivalent Charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations (Special Purpose Financial Statements) just like all other costs. However, where council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all council nominated business activities and are reflected in the SPFS. For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector taxation the following equivalent. equivalents have been applied to all Council nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

Notional Rate Applied % Corporate Income Tax Rate - 30%

Land Tax – The first \$432,000 of combined land values attracts 0%. From \$432,001 to \$2,641,000 the rate is 1.6% + \$100. For the remaining combined land value that exceeds \$2,641,000, a premium marginal rate of 2.0% applies.

Payroll Tax - 5.45% on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$750,000 from 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015.

#### Income Tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities. Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account of in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested. Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level (gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts) as would be applied by a private sector competitor – that is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%.

Income Tax is only applied where a positive gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved. Since the taxation equivalent is notional - that is, it is payable to the "Council" as the owner of business operations, it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the council.

Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS. The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent as at reporting date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

# Local Government Rates & Charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges payable on all Category 1 businesses has been applied to all land assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTES TO THE SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2014

# NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Loan & Debt Guarantee Fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that council business activities face "true" commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors. In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and the council's borrowing rate for its business activities

# (II) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers and the funding of those subsidies must be explicitly disclosed. Subsidies occur where Council provides services on a less than cost recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for council to meet its community service obligations. The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of Business Activities.

# (iii) Return on Investments (Rate of Return)

The Policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses "would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field". Funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies. The rate of return achieved is disclosed for each of Council's business activities on the Income Statement.

#### The Rate of Return on Capital is calculated as follows:

Operating Result before Capital Income + Interest Expense

Written Down Value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 3.02% at 30 June 2015.

#### (iv) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself as owner of a range of businesses or to any external entities.



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SPECIAL SCHEDULES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

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<sup>1</sup> Special Purpose Schedules are not audited, with the exception of Special Schedule 9

# BACKGROUND

(i) These Special Schedules have been designed to meet the requirements of special purpose users such as the:

- NSW Grants Commission
- · Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS),
- Department of Premier & Cabinet, Office of Local Government (OLG).
- Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water (DECCW)
- (ii) The financial data is collected for various uses including;
  - the allocation of Financial Assistance Grants,
  - the incorporation of Local Government financial figures in national statistics,
  - the monitoring of loan approvals,
  - · the allocation of borrowing rights, and
  - · the monitoring of specific service financial activities



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# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

# for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 1 - NET COST OF SERVICES

\$'000	Expenses from continuing operations	Income from continuing operations (non-capital)	Income from continuing operations (capital)	Net Cost of Services
FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				
Governance	2,743	3,218	*	475
Administration	16,961	19,395	8,228	10,662
Public Order and Safety				
Fire Service Levy, Fire protection, Emergency Services	3,942	939		(3,003)
Beach Control	1,778	52		(1,726)
Enforcement of Local Govt Regs	1,548	3,044	~	1,496
Animal Control	86	46		(40)
Other	-			
Total Public Order and Safety	7,354	4,081		(3,273)
Health	2,459	4,190	-	1,731
Environment				
Noxious Plants and Insects/ Vermin control	946	83		(863
Other Environmental Protection	8,834	12,091	779	4,036
Solid Waste Management	49,489	55,986	811	7,308
Street Cleaning	884	8		(876
Drainage	656	73	-	(583
Stormwater Management	860	70	-	(790
Total Environment	61,669	68,311	1,590	8,232
Community Services and Education				
Administration & Education	4,172	7,011		2,839
Social Protection (Welfare)	.,2	.,	-	-,000
Aged Persons & Disabled	220	115		(105
Children's Services	7,707	7,570	-	(137)
Total Community Services and Education	12,099	14,696	/#1	2,597
Housing and Community Amenities				
Public Cemeteries		•:		
Public Conveniences	-	-		
Street Lighting	2,266	411		(1,855)
Town Planning	8,645	9,301		656
Other Community Amenities	-,			
Total Housing and Community Amenities	10,911	9,712		(1,199
Water Supplies	2	2		
Sewerage Services			_	



# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 1 - NET COST OF SERVICES (continued)

\$*000	Expenses from continuing operations	Income from continuing operations (non-capital)	Income from continuing operations (capital)	Net Cost of Services
FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				
Recreation and Culture				
Public Libraries	6,959	6,357	284	(318)
Community Centres and Halls	1,590	1,232	3,719	3,361
Performing Arts Venues	3,073	2,988		(85)
Other Cultural Services	1,384	1,409	540	565
Sporting Grounds and Venues	6,401	5,240	a.	(1,161)
Swimming Pools	5,671	6,744		1,073
Parks and Gardens (Lakes)	4,992	4,864	7	(128)
Other Sport and Recreation		2	1	
Total Recreation and Culture	30,070	28,834	4,543	3,307
Fuel and Energy	-	5		
Mining, Manufacturing and Construction				
Building Control	1,755	1,421	<i>.</i>	(334)
Other Mining, Manufacturing & Construction			-	-
Total Mining, Manufacturing and Construction	1,755	1,421	.=	(334)
Transport and Communication				
Urban Roads (UR) - Local	9,954	9,746	-	(208)
Bridges on RU - Local			97.1	
Total Transport and Communication	9,954	9,746		(208)
Economic Affairs				
Other Economic Affairs	11	170	( <b>.</b>	159
Total Economic Affairs	11	170	(#S	159
TOTALS - FUNCTIONS	155,986	163,774	14,361	22,149
General Purpose Revenues <sup>(2)</sup>			×	
Share of interests - joint ventures & associates using the equity method <sup>(1)</sup>				
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR YEAR <sup>(1)</sup>	155,986	163,774	14,361	22,149

Notes: (1) As reported on the income statement.

<sup>(2)</sup> The definition of general purpose income for the purposes of disclosure in Note 2 (a) is the aggregation of specific income items disclosed in Note 3 viz., ordinary rates, general purpose untied grants, interest on (overdue rates and annual charges, internally restricted assets and general council cash and investments) and ex-gratia rates.

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WARRINGAH COUNCIL

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

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for the year ended 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 2(a) - STATEMENT OF LONG TERM DEBT (ALL PURPOSE)

	Principal ou	Principal outstanding at beginning of the year	innIng	New Loans raised	Debt redemption during the year	on during the ar	Transfers to	Interest	Principal out	Principal outstanding at the end of the year	i of the year
Classification of Debt	Current	Non-Current	Total	during the year	From Revenue	Sinking Funds	Funds	for Year	Current	Non -Current	Total
Loans (by Source)											
Commonwealth Government			e	i.	÷	ì	ī	ì			•
Treasury Corporation			x	'	,	X	ł	3	2		
Other State Government	, a ,		9	9	1	3		Ĩ	(14)		24
Public Subscription			< <b>1</b> .)	¢.	ŗ	i.		ĩ	,	<u>}</u>	,
Financial Institutions			x	Ŷ	,	÷	X		З	1	
Other				9	à		2	â			
Total Loans	•	•	ne i		je I	•	ų.		•	X	*
Other Lona Term Debt											
Ratepayers Advances				ï	'	,		ŗ		ł	,
Government Advances			×	ŝ	'	ŝ	1	ĩ	,	,	
Finance Leases	6	- 4	13	96	æ		a.	1		4	D
Deferred Payments				ŝ	'	×	e e	ě.	c		50
Total Long Term Debt	8	4	13		80		3		Ŧ	4	5
Total Daht	0		12	9	0	9	54	-		•	4

Note:

Excludes Internal Loans and refinancing except for any additional borrowings. This Schedule is prepared using the Face Value of debt obligations, rather than Fair Value (as per the GPFS's).

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WARRINGAH COUNCIL

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

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for the year ended 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 2(b) - STATEMENT OF INTERNAL LOANS (Section 410(3) LGA 1993)

\$,000

Rormar	Amount originally raised	Total renaid Auring the year	Drincinal Outetanding at and of	nd of
(by purpose)	naero Augustino vinoine	(Principal & Interest)	year	5
General				
Domestic Waste Management				-
Other			1	
Totals				

Note:

The summary of Internal Loans (above) represents the total of Council's Internal Loans categorised according to the borrower.

# Details of Individual Internal Loans

Totals

Principal Outstanding at end of year
Total repaid during year (Principal and Interest)
Amount Originally raised
Rate of Interest
Dates of maturity
Term (years)
Date Raised
Date of Minister's Letter
Lender (by purpose)
Borrower (by purpose)

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# W SPECIAL SCHEDULES

as at 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 7 - REPORT ON INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

		Estimated cost to								
Asset Class	Asset Category	bring to a satisfactory standard	Maintenance	Actual Maintenance	Value (WDV)	Asse	Assets in Condition as a % of WDV*	lition as :	% of W	20
		\$,000	\$'000	\$,000	\$.000	1	2		4	5
Buildings	Administration	ì	338	11	30.158	99.1%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1	Beach	460	332	106	30.075	52.9%	43.5%	3.6%	0.0%	%0.0
	Community	817	538	622	45,262	52.3%	46.9%	0.0%	0.1%	0.7%
	Sports	289	352	226	31,835	62.4%	35.8%	0.5%	1.2%	0.1%
	Other Buildings	2,090	157	459	11,781	27.7%	34.4%	37.6%	0.2%	0.1%
	Specialised Buildings		608	569	53, 197	64.4%	35.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
and a second		3,656	2,325	2,497	202,308	62.7%	34.1%	2.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Roads	Sealed Roads Surface	1,817	617	708	77,471	51.8%	44.6%	2.4%	0.7%	0.5%
	Sealed Roads Structure	743	354	476	209,287	48.7%	47.0%	3.1%	0.8%	0.4%
	Unsealed Roads	30	e	9	380	0.0%	76.3%	%0.0	23.7%	0.0%
	Bridges		57	8	6,794	3.0%	97.0%	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0
	Footpaths	-	335	503	39,567	0.7%	99.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Kerb and Gutter	66	734	394	84,897	0.3%	99.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%
	Other Road Assets	293	1,126	1,208	25,684	7.5%	90.0%	2.5%	0.0%	0.0%
		2,983	3,226	3,295	444,080	32.6%	64.5%	2.1%	0.5%	0.3%
Other Structures	Other Structures	163	877	963	57,797	28.0%	71.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
		163	877	963	57,797	28.0%	71.6%	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Stormwater Drainage	Culverts	330	9	15	31,049	14.9%	83.0%	1.6%	0.5%	%0.0
,	Open Channels	•	52	55	3,851	0.3%	99.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Pipes	3,325	248	299	318,205	3.3%	95.5%	1.0%	0.2%	0.0%
	Pits	280	455	512	766'11	4.1%	94.7%	1.1%	0.1%	0.0%
	Water Quality Devices	24	148	178	7,401	24.5%	70.9%	4.5%	0.1%	0.0%
		3,959	913	1,059	438,503	4.6%	94.1%	1.1%	0.2%	0.0%
Open Space/Recreational	Swimming Pools		136	228	11,411	38.2%	61.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Assets	Other Open Space/Recreational Assets	265	754	532	49,553	23.0%	76.4%	0.6%	0.0%	%0.0
		265	890	760	60,964	25.8%	73.7%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Classes	Total - Ail Assets	11,026	8,231	8,574	1,203,652	26.9%	71.0%	1.7%	0.3%	0.1%
Infrastructure Asset Condition Assessment	on Assessment									
Level	Condition	Description								
£	Excellent	No work required (normal maintenance)	maintenance)							
0	Good	Only minor maintenance work required	work required							
ო	Average	Maintenance work required	g							
4	Poor	Renewal required								
•										

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

# as at 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 7 - REPORT ON INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

# Infrastructure Asset Performance Indicators - Consolidated

			- Indicator	
	2015	2015	2014	2013
	\$'000			
Building and infrastructure renewals ratio				
Asset renewals (building and infrastructure)	17,849	150.12%	137.10%	154.20%
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment (building and infrastructure)	11,890			
Infrastructure backlog				
Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory condition	11,026	0.92%	2.10%	2.05%
Total value * of infrastructure, building, other structures and depreciable land improvement assets	1,203,652			
Asset maintenance ratio				
Actual asset maintenance	8,574	104.17%	102.32%	109.35%
Required asset maintenance	8,231			
Capital expenditure ratio				
Annual capital expenditure	37,224	237.81%	197.45%	239.22%
Annual depreciation	15,653			

Note

\*Written down value



# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SPECIAL SCHEDULES

# for the financial year ended 30 June 2015

# SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 9 - PERMISSIBLE INCOME FOR GENERAL RATES

\$ '000	2014/15 Calculation	2015/16 Calculation
NOTIONAL GENERAL INCOME CALCULATION <sup>(1)</sup>		
Last Year Notional Income Yield	73,972	76.322
Plus/Minus adjustments <sup>(2)</sup>	55	213
Notional General Income	74,027	76,535
PERMISSIBLE INCOME CALCULATION		
Special Variation (3)	3.10%	3.00%
OR Rate Peg	2.30%	2.40%
OR Crown Land Adjustment including Rate Peg	-	-
Less Expiring Special Variations Amount	-	-
Plus: Special Variation Amount	2,295	2,296
OR Plus Rate Peg Amount	ŧ	5
OR Plus Crown Land Adjustment and Rate Peg Amount	×	
Sub total	76,322	78,831
Plus or minus Last year's Carry Forward Total		2
Less Valuation Objections claimed in previous year Sub total	*	
TOTAL PERMISSIBLE INCOME	76,322	78,831
Less Notional Income Yield	(76,322)	(78,831)
Catch up or (excess) result	·	
Plus Income lost due to valuation objections claimed (4)	ŝ	÷
Less Unused Catch up <sup>(6)</sup>	:	2
Carry forward to next year	·2	78,831

1. The Notional General Income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.

2. Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called "supplementary valuations" as defined in the Valuation of Land Act 1916.

3. The Special Variation Percentage is inclusive of the Rate Peg percentage and where applicable crown land adjustment,

4. Valuation objections are unexpected changes in land values as a result of land owners successfully objecting to the land value issued by the Valuer-General. Councils can claim the value of the income lost due to valuation objections in any single year.

5. Unused catch-up amounts will be deducted if they are not caught up within 2 years. Usually councils will have a nominal carry forward figure. These amounts can be adjusted for in setting the rates in a future year.



ATTACHMENT 1 2015 Draft Annual Financial Statements ITEM NO. 6.1 - 4 AUGUST 2015

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SPECIAL SCHEDULE NO. 9** 

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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